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VOL 28 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1893. NO 52

THE COUNTY TREASURY.

No Funds To Pay Current Expenses.

A LOAN APPLIED FOR.

The jurors summoned to the present term of court, and others having just demands upon the county, are denied payment of what is due them, because of an entire absence of funds in the treasury.

The public officers interested, both commissioners and the county treasurer, regret such condition. We are credibly informed that the commissioners at the last term of court, raised the necessary money to meet the court expenses, upon their own note as individuals, and that the county treasurer has of his own private funds, come to the relief of the county.

For such conditions no body seems to be liable to any censure. The taxes of the current year, 1893, the commissioners are powerless now to obtain by violent means against the tax collectors. The revenue laws, as every one knows, have undergone revision and change, and the tax payer has his right and time within which to pay the tax, and the outstanding taxes from former years are in point of fact, better paid up than usual, despite the stringency of the times.

The drafts upon the treasury have been unusually large, and much of the indebtedness could not have been foreseen or provided for.

Legislation respecting increased liability for costs in commonwealth cases, costs incident to elections under the new laws, the formation of new election districts, the numerous county bridges ordered to be built, contributed to the present condition.

The commissioners of the county presented to the court last Monday their petition for a loan to be authorized, which is receiving the Court's consideration, and the expediency of granting or withholding judicial approval was, without question, somewhat dependent upon the rate of commission, which the proceeds of any loan would be tolled by the county treasurer.

The rate as at present existing, as fixed by the commissioners is 2½ per cent. on moneys arising from such a source. In view of this fact, the County Treasurer, Mr. Kline, addressed the following letter to the commissioners on Wednesday:

TO THE COMMISSIONERS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY:—You find yourselves somewhat embarrassed in not being able to pay your orders on the County Treasurer because of the absence of funds and that the loan asked for by you to be authorized by the Court is believed to be delayed, because some think that the compensation allowed by you to me on such money is exorbitant.

I wish to inform you that you are at liberty to so change my compensation for such money to one per cent instead of 2½ per cent.

I do this in order to relieve you and the interests of the public business from present conditions, and I do not want the amount of my pay to hinder it.

Yours &c.,
JOHN L. KLINE, Treas.

We do not pretend to say whether or not the amount of compensation as fixed for that officer is too large or too small. The law imposes the duty of adjusting that matter upon certain public functionaries, and there is no reason to question the integrity of their conduct in the performance of that duty. If any tax payer feels aggrieved, the law affords an opportunity for such a one to be heard. But certainly, Mr. Kline, who is soon to retire from public position, has done all he can do to enable the authorization of the loan, and relieve the county from any embarrassment and his action under the circumstances is very commendable. Without his consent the commissioners could not reduce the commission.

The question as to whether there shall be a loan, and the amount of the loan, is in the hands of the Court, and will receive careful consideration. It is evident that some money must be borrowed to pay for the Catawissa bridge, to erect the Bloom bridge, and to pay bills amounting to several thousand dollars that have accumulated, because the taxes have not been paid in fast enough to meet these obligations. It is no fault of the officials that the expenses of the present court have not been paid. It will all be adjusted soon and everybody will get what is due them.

The furniture, carpets, draperies &c. from the Pennsylvania State Building at the World's Fair will be sold at auction in Harrisburg, beginning on December 19th.

REV. DAVID JEWETT WALLER.

In the death of Rev. D. J. Waller Bloomsburg has lost one of her most prominent, and most enterprising citizens. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon at three o'clock and from that hour until five all places of business were closed as a mark of respect to the deceased. The services were conducted at the house. Rev. P. A. Heilman read a hymn, Rev. Dr. S. Mitchell of Mt. Carmel offered prayer, Rev. I. M. Patterson, read a biographical sketch of Mr. Waller, and stated that the wish of the deceased was that no eulogies should be pronounced over his remains. Rev. Dr. McAtee of Danville announced another hymn followed by prayer by Rev. Dr. N. G. Parke of Pittston. The hymns were sung by the Y. M. C. A. Choir. Numerous beautiful floral offerings were contributed by relatives and friends.

Below is printed the biographical sketch, which is so complete as to require no additional statements.

Rev. David Jewett Waller, born at Wilkes Barre, Pa., January 26th, 1815, died at Bloomsburg, Pa., December 7, 1893, aged seventy-eight years, ten months and 22 days. Mr. Waller was of Puritan stock, having no strain of other than New England blood in his ancestry for a period of more than two hundred years. His religious training by the earnestly devout aunts with whom he lived is indicated by the facts that family worship was habitual, and that Sunday was observed from Saturday at sunset. When old enough to read he drove the conveyance each Sunday for two aunts engaged in teaching a Mission Sunday School and was himself installed as teacher of those much older—some adults.

At the age of fifteen he entered Williams College, from which he was graduated in 1834. In the fall of that year he entered Princeton Theological Seminary, from which he was graduated in 1837. After his licensure by the Presbytery of New Castle, and while engaged in ministerial labors at Bloomsburg, he received a call to the church at Milton, as he did in subsequent years to all the leading churches of the Presbytery; but declining it, he was ordained to the gospel ministry and installed the first pastor of the Presbyterian church in Bloomsburg at an adjourned meeting of Presbytery held for that purpose Wednesday, May 1st, 1839. In this his first and only pastoral charge he continued for thirty-three years, resigning in 1871. In addition to his ministerial labors in Bloomsburg, he for many years supplied all the English Presbyterian churches between Danville and the Wyoming Valley, from the Susquehanna to the North Mountain These flocks are now in charge of four pastors. Over this area more than forty miles square, before it was divided, he traveled on horseback or by wagon about five thousand miles a year, and preached in almost every church and school-house, often having three services on Sunday besides conducting a large number of the funerals of that early time. He preached regularly for considerable periods at Catawissa, Espy, Salem, Berwick, Briarcreek, Light Street, Orangeville, Rhorsburg, Coles Creek and New Columbia. No depth of mud or severity of storm was ever allowed to serve as an excuse for not meeting an appointment. During his pastorate the church in Bloomsburg leaving the frame edifice on Third street, built the brick one on Market street in 1848. His persistent efforts in securing the erection of the present stone church in 1889-91 are so well known as to require no detailed statement.

Profoundly impressed with the importance of systematic instruction in the truth of the Bible, he organized a Bible class in the first year of his pastorate, on Thursday, June 27th, 1839, that met first upon Friday evening and afterward upon Monday evening throughout almost the whole period of thirty-three years. This exercise was always one of very deep interest to him. The weather, the attendance, the passage studied, the apparent interest or want of it, his feeling of happiness or depression, and humble desire that the exercise may be used by his Saviour for the advancement of His Kingdom, are frequently mentioned in his journal. The greatness, mercy, goodness and glory of God were favorite themes, by consideration of which he sought to expand and elevate the minds of his pupils. This Bible class is well remembered by many citizens who therein received Biblical training, though not all members of his congregation. After resigning his charge, and though always suffering from a permanent and painful injury, Mr. Waller still continued to preach as opportunity offered and health permitted. He found great pleasure in preaching, as he sometimes said, "A free gospel."

As a Presbyter, he was most regular in attending all meetings of Presbytery and Synod during his long pastorate. The journeys of those earlier days were made wholly by private conveyance. When Presbytery met in the spring at such remote points as Jersey Shore and Lock Haven, owing to the distance and deep mud the journeys consumed many days, and when floods had carried away bridges and portions of the road, or masses of ice blocked the way, they were not without peril. A compensation was found in the opportunity thus given for forming wide acquaintanceships in the regions traversed. It is probable that thirty years ago no man was better known than he in the valley of the Susquehanna from Scranton to Lock Haven. He took a very active part in all Presbyterial deliberations. It was his lot to serve as counsel in almost every ecclesiastical trial of that period in his Presbytery, many of which were afterwards prosecuted by appeal before the Synod and some before the General Assembly. While in this capacity he was in the sessions of many General Assemblies, he was also present as a Commissioner from the Presbytery of Northumberland at the first Assembly held out of the city of Philadelphia, that in Louisville, Kentucky in 1844. He was a Commissioner to the Assembly of 1853 in Philadelphia. In 1861 when staunch friends of the Union were needed he was again sent as Commissioner to the Assembly in Philadelphia, which stormy body he served, with his magnificent voice and distinct enunciation, as Reading Clerk, though he did not allow himself thus to be deprived of the privileges of the floor, for he made a strong speech in favor of the Spring resolutions, for which he was afterwards presented with a silk flag, by one who was to him an entire stranger. He was sent as Commissioner to the General Assembly again in 1865, at Pittsburg. The next year, 1866, the General Assembly met in St. Louis, and the delicate questions arising in the church at the close of the war of the Rebellion required consideration. Mr. Waller was one of the Commissioners sent at this time to represent his Presbytery. Thus in the Assemblies marking the opening of the Rebellion, and reconstruction he was a Commissioner. He was subsequently sent in like capacity to the Assemblies of 1876 in Brooklyn, 1886 in Minneapolis, and 1890 in Saratoga. He was also a member of the National Union Convention held in the First Reformed Presbyterian church, Philadelphia in November, 1867.

His earnest longing for the coming of the Kingdom of Christ found natural expression in the cause of Foreign Missions. Once a month it was his custom to devote a service to the news from foreign fields. So deep was his interest, that the congregation sharing it with him, became the first in the Presbytery in the sum contributed to the cause. He was elected a member of the Board of Foreign Missions by the General Assembly of 1865 for four years. He was a Trustee of Lafayette College for thirty years having been elected by the Synod of Philadelphia in 1849. During the earlier part of this period the journey to Easton was always made by stage or private conveyance, yet his regular attendance and activity in the proceedings of the Board may be inferred from the fact that at one of the dark periods in the history of the College some of the Trustees seriously proposed to him the removal of the College to Bloomsburg. His interest in education was manifest from the year of his ordination, 1839, when he was instrumental in the establishment of a classical school in Bloomsburg, of which his brother, afterwards President Judge of the XXII Judicial District, Hon. Chas. P. Waller, was principal. The culmination of his co-operation with other leading citizens in this direction, was the establishment of the State Normal School. For many years he received into his own family promising young men from the country, who desired to prepare for college in the schools of the town. He was always active as a citizen. It is within the bounds of truth to say, that no project beneficial to the community failed to receive his support. The hospitalities extended by him in the earlier time were such as to have elicited the comment that more vehicles and people started from his door than from the village inn.

His closing days were those of unceasing gratitude and thanksgiving to God. That he was permitted to see the consummation of many cherished plans for private and public good and to enjoy the loving confidence of the wife of more than fifty four years, of children, and of grandchildren, gave him much pleasure; but these were always secondary, both in his thoughts and expressions, to the profound sense of gratitude for sins forgiven, fellowship with his Saviour, the privilege of aiding in the spread of the Gospel and the full assurance of faith. In his last illness he gave constant evidence that he had long since heeded the apostolic injunction, "Leaving the principles of the doctrine of Christ let us go on unto perfection, not laying again the foundation of repentance from dead works, and of faith toward God, of the doctrine of baptisms, and of laying on of hands, and of resurrection of the dead and of eternal judgment." Salvation was not a matter of doubt but a cause of unspeakable praise. To this feeling he gave brief but frequent expression in such words as, "Praise the Lord, Oh my soul and forget not all his benefits," "Only true love is in God through Jesus," "Come taste and find the Lord is good and gracious." The last hymn he recited was, "Glorious things of thee are spoken, Zion City of our God." During the last few days many utterances precious to his family were brief prayers for them and for himself. "Come Lord Jesus, come quickly," was a frequent petition. Glimpses of dawning glory were suggested by such exclamations as, "Wonderful brightness," "What transporting views to him who sees time and eternity," "See the silver lining."

"Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord, from henceforth, yea saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors, and their works do follow them."—Rev. 14; 13.

The remaining members of the family are Mrs. Waller, Rev. Dr. D. J. Waller Jr., Principal of Indiana State Normal School, Levi E. Waller Esq., Miss Laura, of Bloomsburg; Mrs. C. P. Hand, of Brooklyn and Dr. George P. Waller of Nebraska.

HOLIDAY WINDOWS.

J. R. Schuyler & Co. have a snow scene in one of their show windows, to call attention to the fact that they sell skates.

Lowenberg's estate exhibit a fine line of neckwear, silk handkerchiefs, &c. in their windows.

J. G. Well's windows contain a beautiful display of diamonds, watches, silverware, including many novelties for the holiday trade.

In one of W. S. Rishton's windows a variety of articles suitable for Christmas gifts, are tastily arranged. In the other window is a winter scene, where a number of children are riding down hill. One little one has had a tumble. It is attracting much attention.

Gilmore's toy windows excite the admiration of the children.

H. J. Clark & Son have displayed their usual taste and skill in dressing their windows for the holidays.

A handkerchief window at I. W. McKelvy's arranged by Harry Houck is very pretty.

I. W. Hartman & Son have attractive windows as usual; they show a variety of articles tastefully arranged.

Hess Bros. windows are full of silverware and stationery in desirable forms.

Smokers' supplies at Alexander Bros. & Co. offer some good suggestions for Christmas gifts.

The goat still occupies one of the windows at Gidding & Salsburg's while the other is beautifully arranged with neckwear and handkerchiefs.

J. H. Mercer shows lamps and a large assortment of holiday goods.

W. H. Slate's windows contain some new attractions, artistically displayed.

J. R. Townsend shows neckwear and gents' furnishing goods in nice variety.

Election of Officers Royal Arcanum.

The annual election of officers for the Royal Arcanum was held Wednesday evening, December 13th, when the following were chosen for the year 1894: Regent, J. K. Bittenbender; Vice Regent, L. T. Sharpless; Orator, J. C. Brown; Secretary, F. H. Jenkins; Collector, W. H. Brooke; Treasurer, C. S. Furman; Chaplain, G. A. Clark; Guide, H. P. Chamberlain; Warden, D. W. Campbell; Sentry, J. W. Eyer; Organist, E. E. Caldwell; Trustees, W. S. Moyer, J. C. Brown, W. M. Reber.

An accident occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad near Nanticoke on Wednesday at 10:30 a. m., when the passenger, known as the Harrisburg Express ran into the rear of a freight train. The freight was running into a siding and had not gone quite far enough when the passenger collided. Twelve passengers were injured, among the list being John A. Garman, District Attorney of Luzerne County.

Messrs. Shuster & Hawk will be in Bloomsburg, Tuesday December 26th with a car load of western horses.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

Judge and Mrs. Elwell have both been ill from an attack of Grip.

Rev. P. A. Heilman preached in the Lutheran church at Wilkesbarre last Sunday.

Mrs. Rev. I. M. Patterson was confined to her bed for several days with the grip.

It is reported that J. P. Hill has leased the City Hotel at Jamison City for next year.

Mrs. R. W. Oswald has been confined to the house with the grip during the past week.

Miss Emma Harrar of Newark, N. J., is visiting her brother E. H. Harrar and wife on Fifth street.

Among those reported sick with the grip during the past week, are P. A. Evans, W. H. Brooke, S. H. Harman, W. C. Cummings, and J. J. Lawall.

Ex-Judge Hinckley, of Danville, was in attendance at court in Bloomsburg Wednesday, as one of the attorneys in an important case.

Harry Townsend who has been confined to the house with La Grippe is again out assisting his father in the Gents' Furniture store.

Miss A. D. Webb of Pottsville, Miss Sarah Derrickson of Milton and Mrs. R. C. Dinker of Bethlehem were in town on Monday to attend Mr. Waller's funeral.

Mrs. Catharine Kline, of Williamsport, who recently became afflicted with gangrene, is lying in a very critical condition with no hope of recovery.

Hon. E. M. Tewksbury is in attendance at the Farmers' Convention in Georgia this week. He started for Harrisburg last Saturday, and from there expected to go direct to the South.

Editor W. H. Smith of Benton, was in town on Monday, having been called here as a witness in the Krickbaum-Snyder suit. The settlement rendered his presence unnecessary, and he was just a little disappointed that he did not have a chance to go on the stand.

Rush Zarr, son of B. F. Zarr Esq., was admitted to the Bar last week, after completing a course of law studies with his father. He is a young man of excellent qualifications, and will no doubt become a successful lawyer. We extend our congratulations.

DEATH'S HARVEST.

On Monday two more families were called upon to mourn the loss of loved ones. Mrs. Mary A. wife of George A. Herring, breathed her last at six o'clock in the morning, after an illness of less than a week, from the grip. Her age was fifty-six years, seven months and five days. Her husband survives her with one son, Senator Grant Herring, and one daughter, Miss Ida. She was a member of the Methodist church, and an affectionate wife and mother. She was a daughter of Daniel and Priscilla Hess, and was born in Mifflinville, this county. Three brothers reside in Shenandoah. She was married to George A. Herring in 1860 at Lime Ridge, and moved to Shenandoah in 1864, and returned to Bloomsburg in 1876, where they have since resided.

The funeral was held at the house on Wednesday morning, the services being conducted by Revs. W. G. Ferguson and P. A. Heilman. The burial took place in Rosemont Cemetery.

At twenty minutes after ten on Monday morning Mrs. Elizabeth Christian Pott, widow of the late Benjamin L. Eshleman, died at the residence of her son, Harry G. Eshleman, on Centre street. Her illness was of long duration, and she was confined to her bed for several weeks past. She was nearly sixty-five years of age, and was the mother of fifteen children, eleven of whom are living. Those residing in Bloomsburg are Mrs. C. W. Miller, Mrs. S. F. Peacock, Mrs. William Pursel, Harry G. and Benjamin.

Mrs. Eshleman was a daughter of Abram Pott, the founder of Port Carbon. Her husband was an extensive coal operator in the Schuylkill region during his life time.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. I. M. Patterson at the house at ten o'clock on Wednesday morning, and the remains were taken to Port Carbon for burial.

One of the ladies' whist clubs was entertained by Mrs. C. W. Funston on Tuesday evening.

Don't Pay a Big Profit!

You can get elegant clothing at a great sacrifice from

LOWENBERG'S

They are settling up the estate.

The Goods must be sold.

Although more clothing has been so'd from our store within a short time than ever before we have still

A great deal more CLOTHING than any store in Bloomsburg.

This season's newest goods are still left.

The most desirable clothing is still here.

—o—

THE FINEST

MENS' SUITS

—AND—

Overcoats.

—:o:—

ELEGANT MENS'

Storm Coats.

—o—

Hundreds of Boys long pants Suits.

—o—

Fine Children's Suits and Overcoats.
Elegant piece goods and remnants.
Jewelry, Chains and Watches, Mufflers, Trunks, Caps and Valises.

All to be sold at the same great sacrifices.

You know what that means.

Your neighbors must have told you how they have been buying Clothing, Hats and Furnishings for cost and a great deal less at

Lowenberg's

CLOSING OUT SALE.

ABSENCE

What shall I do with all the days and hours
That must be counted ere I see thy face?
How shall I charm the interval that low'rs
Between this time and the sweet time of grace?

Shall I in slumber steep each weary sense,
Weary with longing?—shall I flee away
Into past days, and with some fond pretense
Cheat myself to forget the present day?

Shall love for thee lay on my soul the sin
Of casting from me God's great gift of time;
Shall I, these mists of memory lock'd within,
Leave and forget life's purposes sublime?

O, how, or by what means, may I contrive
To bring the hour that brings thee back more near?
How may I teach my drooping hope to live
Until that blessed time and thou art here?

I'll tell thee; for thy sake I will lay hold
Of all good aims, and consecrate to thee,
In worthy deeds, each moment that is told
While thou, beloved one, art far from me.

For thee I will arouse my thoughts to try
All heavenward flights, all high and holy strains,
For thy dear sake I will walk patiently
Thro' these long hours, nor call their minutes pains.

I will this dreary blank of absence make
A noble tasktime, and will therein strive
To follow excellence, and to o'ertake
More good than I have won, since yet I live.

So may this doomed time build up in me
A thousand graces which shall thus be thine;
So may my love and longing hallowed be,
And thy dear thought an influence divine.

—Frances Campbell Butler.

A SONG OF GET THERE.

You kin hear the storm winds blowin' from the land an' from the sea,
An' they're knockin' down the steeples, an' they're makin' mighty free;
But in spite o' wind an' thunder we are goin' to hold the fort,
An' we ain't a goin' under while we're twenty miles from port!
Fer you jes' kin say
That we're built that way;
An' we go to bed at sundown,
An' we rise at break o' day!

Though our ships may toss an' dangle on the billows beatin' high,
If the sails are out o' tangle we will make it by an' by;
An' the brightest stars'll spangle o'er the thunder's smokin' fort,
An' in spite o' all the wrangle, we'll go sailin' into port!
Fer you jes' kin say
That we're built that way;
An' we go to bed at sundown,
An' we rise at break o' day!

A TRAIN "HOLD UP."

A RAILROAD MAN'S OBSERVATIONS OF THE ROBBER GANG'S METHODS.

"I have been connected with railroad matters to a considerable extent, and in 1892 I travelled over 76,000 miles as special auditor of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road. During that time I often wished that I might be enabled to witness a regular 'hold up,' but I never had the opportunity. I had a little experience in Montana this summer, however, and I know when I've got enough."

The speaker was Mr. Thomas H. Higham, of this city. The event to which Mr. Higham referred was the sensational train robbery which took place on the Northern Pacific road, near Graycliff, Mont., in the latter part of last August, the sequel to which occurred a few weeks ago, when the train robbers were surrounded in a hut and killed by a posse which had been in pursuit of them. Both of these events were chronicled in the news columns at the time, but the accounts published contained only the meagre facts, and none of the interesting details.

"I left Boston," Mr. Higham said, "on July 29, and arrived in Livingston, Mont., on August 7. I found that I had an errand to the town of Billings, in that State, about 120 miles from Livingston, and I took a train for that place on the evening of August 26. This train was known as the No. 4 Eastern express on the Northern Pacific, and it left Livingston at 6:15 o'clock in the evening. It consisted of the engine, an express car, a few coaches, and two Pullman sleepers. These sleepers were attached to the end of the train, and in the last one I had a berth. There were eleven passengers in this car, and four were women. We left Graycliff, a small station about sixty-five miles from Livingston, about 9:10 o'clock.

"About nine miles from this station the train came to a sudden stop, and when we put our heads out of the windows we were greeted by a shower of bullets, and were informed by some persons outside, who emphasized their remarks with plenty of curses on our curiosity, that if we had any interest in living we had better keep under cover. We took the advice at once, and the next incident was the passage of the conductor through the train telling us what we had already surmised, that the train had been held up by robbers, and advising us to hide our valuables if we did not want them taken from us.

"I didn't have a great deal of money, but what I did have I did not feel like making a present of to bandits, so I pulled out my pocketbook, in which I had about $250, picked out a few small bills, which I placed in my vest pocket, and then slipped the rest of the roll inside the collar of my shirt and let it slip down. I thought that as safe a place as any for it. Then I unscrewed a $250 diamond stud which I was wearing in my shirt front and sent it to keep company with the money. I was also wearing a gold watch and chain, worth about $100, and this I deposited in the same bank. I then awaited developments, which were not long in coming.

"It seems that when the train left Graycliff two of the robbers got on to the front of the express car, and after the train had got fairly under way they masked themselves and crawled over the tender and down into the cab. The engineer afterwards told me that the first he knew of the matter he felt a Winchester rifle pressed against his head and heard a man say: 'Pull down the road until you're flagged by a light. Then stop, and if you make a suspicious move it will be your last.' He obeyed orders, and about nine miles from Graycliff he saw the light described and brought the train to a full stop. There two more masked men boarded the train, took the engineer and fireman from the cab, and, after searching them for firearms, marched them to the express car. They ordered the fireman to give the signal for the opening of the car to the messenger inside, and he did so. Then the crowd got in and proceeded to investigate.

"There were two safes in the car, one a small one, known as the 'way safe,' and a large one, called the 'through safe.' The little safe is used to keep small packages of money received at the small stations along the route, while the large one is reserved for larger amounts which are being shipped some distance. The messenger has the combination to the smaller safe, and when they ordered him to open it he did so. All they got from this safe was $92, however, and then they ordered him to open the larger safe. This he declared he could not do, because he did not know the combination, and this was the truth, although he had a hard time convincing the robbers of the fact. It seems that only the station agents at the larger places have the combination of the large safes, into which they put the packages confided to them for shipment, and also the ones from the smaller safes. The messenger does not know how to open these large safes, and when this particular one told the robbers so they tried to frighten him by placing under the safe a package which they declared contained dynamite. It was only a bluff, however, and when they found the messenger was really in earnest they left the baggage car and formed a line on the outside of the train. They then marched along the outside of the train in single file, the engineer leading the column; then came the fireman, the four robbers in a row, then the express messenger, and, last of all, the conductor.

"As they passed along the robbers fired a perfect shower of bullets through the top part of the cars. This was to impress us, and while I felt that they did not intend to hit us, I did not take up any more room above the top of the seat than it was absolutely necessary for me to occupy, on account of the danger from a glancing bullet. When the procession reached the rear of the train its members boarded the Pullman car and started to go through the train from the rear. When the colored porter first heard of the presence of the robbers, however, he bolted the door, and when the robbers commanded him to open it he fired a shot at them with a 32-calibre revolver. He injured no one, although he narrowly escaped hitting the fireman, and the robbers answered with such a fusillade that he soon crouched down on his hands and knees and loosened the bolt. When the robbers did enter they kicked him all around the rear of the car.

"The procession entered the car in the same formation as it marched down on the outside of the train. The leader of the gang did all the work, the other robbers keeping watch for a surprise, while he collected the goods and chattels of the passengers.

"I was the third person they approached, and I sat in my seat trying to appear unconcerned, but in reality inwardly wondering 'where I was at,' when the leader and his file came up and the former said:

"'Shell out, young man.'

"'Do you want it all?' I asked, trying to appear to take the thing as a matter of form.

"'Come, hurry up, hurry up,' he answered, and by way of emphasis he put the muzzle of his Winchester rifle under my nose. I never thought one of those things looked so fierce before. The muzzle of that gun seemed to increase in size every moment I looked at it, and without spending any more time in joking with the leader I put my hand down in my pocket and pulled out the wad of small bills which I had extracted from my roll. This I handed to him, and he counted it and found there was only $14.

"'Is that all you've got?' he asked in a disappointed tone of voice.

"I put my hand down in my trousers pocket and pulled out 75 cents in change and some poker chips. He laughed when he saw the chips, and then he started to feel of my pockets, asking me again if that was all the money I had. I assured him that it was, and after he satisfied himself that I was telling the truth, he refused to take the silver, saying:

"'Well, hang on to that. Buy a drink with it.'

"As he started to walk off he said: 'Don't you carry a watch?'

"'I did carry one,' I replied, 'but that was before the Butte races. You should have tackled me before those came off.'

"With that he walked off. The poker chips and the story of the Butte races were strong points of circumstantial evidence in his eyes, and he left me satisfied that he had all that was worth taking from me.

"The robbers appeared to be good-natured enough, but they were not out for trifling. Just in front of me sat a young telegraph operator and his best girl. Naturally he wanted to appear a hero in the eyes of the young lady, and when the robbers came to him he was leaning with his elbow on the sill of the car window near him apparently unconcerned about their presence.

"'Come, shell out,' said the leader.

"'I haven't anything for you,' the young man drawled, slowly shaking his head to emphasize his remarks.

"The leader said nothing, but quickly bringing his Winchester rifle into position he placed the barrel diagonally under the nose of the young man and pulled the trigger. The ball just skimmed by the young man's face and crashed through the window near him.

"'Oh, Charley, if you have anything give it to him. Oh, do! do!' screamed the young lady, but Charley didn't need any urging after that shot, and he soon fished out a roll of greenbacks from his pocket.

"'I see that you have something for me, after all,' the robber said as he passed on.

"Some of the incidents were humorous, and the rest of us were obliged to laugh in spite of the seriousness of the situation.

"One of the passengers on the car in which I was seated was a big, stout woman who was travelling alone. Like the rest of us, she objected to giving up anything, and she tried an original scheme to euchre the thieves. She crawled down partly under one of the seats of her section and managed to cover herself up after a fashion. She probably thought they would pass her hiding place without noticing, but she was doomed to disappointment.

"I heard the robbers laugh as they passed me, and I looked up the aisle to see what the hilarity was about. I couldn't help laughing myself. The stout woman had hidden the upper part of her body, but she had forgotten all about her lower extremities, and there, across the passage, when she thought she was literally 'out of sight,' were a pair of well-filled white stockings blocking the advance of the gang. The leader touched her on the back, and courteously invited her to take a seat, which she did, much to her own discomfiture. Then he commanded her to 'shell out,' and she did so without any parley.

"One of the other passengers in the car was a young lady, and when they came to her she gave up all her valuables without a murmur until she came to her rings. One of these she refused to part with.

"'It's my engagement ring. Won't you please let me keep it?' she asked.

"'Can't do it. It's engaged to us now,' responded the leader, as he pocketed the gem.

"Leaving our car, they went into the Pullman ahead. I didn't hear of any incidents in the other cars which would be worth mentioning, except, perhaps, one. One of the passengers was a cattle detective. He is employed by the Northern Pacific to look out for cattle thieves, and there is said to be no cooler or braver man in Montana. When he heard the racket he quietly unshipped a pair of pistols and placed them under the seat. The robbers recognized him as they came along, but they did not offer to molest him, and he said nothing to them. They looked for his pistols, but they could not find them.

"While we were being held up a freight train backed down to a side track, but, although the robbers saw it when it came in, they apparently took no notice of its presence. They had finished their first trip through the train, and were talking of making a second and more thorough search of the crowd, when one of their gang found out that the engine of the freight train had left the yard and had gone back to Graycliff. This news caused them to change their programme, and instead of going through the train once more they made for their horses, patting the engineer on the back as they left him, and, with 'a good-by and a good luck, old man,' they ordered him to jump into his cab and pull out the train. Then they jumped on their horses and backed away from us, serenading us as they departed with a volley from their Winchesters. This was only meant as sport, however, and did no more serious damage than crashing through the woodwork on the tops of the cars.

"I had read and heard a great deal about Western nerve on such occasions, but I didn't see any great amount of it manifested at the time of that train robbery. All seemed to regard discretion as the better part of valor, and I was with them. The cattle detective on that train was as nervy a man as ever lived, but when he saw the odds and the loss of life which would ensue in consequence of a resistance, he hid his guns instead of firing them. The same is true of the engineer and of the conductor of the train, the latter of whom gave up $30 and a gold watch without a whimper, only making a request for the Masonic charm attached to the chain."—Boston Herald.

Subterranean Fires.

Some idea of the terror of volcanoes may be gathered from an account of an eruption in one of the Hawaiian Islands, as graphically described in the London Budget, when the crater was filled from 500 to 600 feet deep with molten lava, the immense weight of which broke through a subterranean passage of twenty-seven miles and reached the sea, forty miles distant, in two days, flowing for three weeks and heating the water twenty miles distant. Rocks melted like wax in its path; forests crackled and blazed before its fervent heat; the works of man were to it but as a scroll in the flames.

Imagine Niagara's stream above the brink of the falls, with its dashing, whirling, madly raging waters, hurrying on their plunge, instantaneously converted into fire—a gory-hued river of fused minerals; volumes of hissing steam arising; smoke curling upward in ten thousand vents which give utterance to many deep-toned mutterings and sullen, confined clamorings; gases detonating and shrieking as they burst from their hot prison house; the heavens lurid with flames; the atmosphere dark and oppressive; the horizon murky with vapors and gleaming with the reflected contest.

Such was the scene as the fiery cataract, leaping a precipice of fifty feet, poured its flood upon the ocean. The old line of coast, a mass of compact, indurated lava, whitened, cracked and fell. The waters recoiled and sent forth a tempest of spray; they foamed and lashed around and over the melted rock, they boiled with white heat, and the roar of the conflicting agencies grew fiercer and louder. The reports of the exploding gases were distinctly heard twenty-five miles distant, and were likened to a whole broadside of heavy artillery. Streaks of the intensest light glanced like lightning in all directions; the outskirts of the burning lava as it fell, cooled by the shock, were shivered into millions of fragments and scattered by the strong wind in sparkling showers far into the country. Six weeks later at the base of the hills the water continued scalding hot and sent forth clouds of steam at every wash of the waves.

The Phenomena of Thunder.

Many theories have been offered in explanation of the phenomena of thunder. Here is Prof. Hern's description: The sound which is known as thunder is due simply to the fact that the air traversed by an electric spark, that is, a flash of lightning, is suddenly raised to a very high temperature, and has its volume, moreover, considerably increased. The column of gas thus suddenly heated and exhausted is sometimes several miles long, and as the duration of the flesh is not over the millionth of a second, it follows that the noise bursts forth at once from the whole column, though for an observer at any one place it commences where the lightning flash is at the least distance. In precise terms, the beginning of the thunder-clap gives the minimum distance of the lightning and the duration of the rolling of the thunder the length of the column of heated air. Prof. Hern also remarks that when a flash of lightning strikes the ground it is not necessarily from the place struck that the first noise is heard. Again he points out that a bullet whistles in traversing the air, so that we can, to a certain extent, follow its flight. The same thing also happens with a falling meteorite just before striking the earth. The noise actually heard has been compared to the sound produced when one tears linen; it is due, really, to the fact that the air rapidly pushed on one side of the projectile in front, whether bullet or meteorite, quickly rushes back to fill the gap left in the rear.

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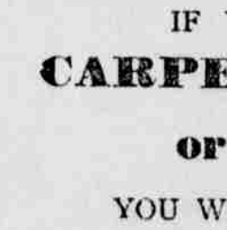

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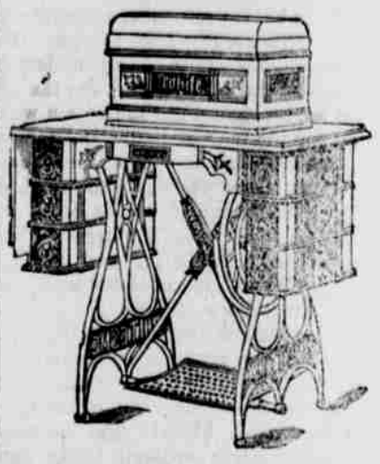

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Rye " "	.80
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	18.00
Potatoes per bushel	.70
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .35
Cranberries per qt	.10
Tallow per lb	.08
Shoulder " "	.12½
Side meat " "	.14
Vinegar, per qt	.08
Dried apples per lb	.08
Dried cherries, pitted	.15
Raspberries	.18
Cow Hides per lb	.03
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.40 to .50
Sheep pelts	.90
Shelled corn per bus	.65
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.25
Chop "	1.25
Middlings "	1.25
Chickens per lb	.10
Turkeys " "	.12
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Difficulties of an Income Tax.

From Harper's Weekly.

Alexander Hamilton was asked by Secretary Wolcott for a brief on "direct taxes." It is dated February 25, 1795. He said there was no antecedent rule or opinion or principle by which to classify "direct taxes." The classification must therefore be, he said, by "a species of arbitration," and he classified the "direct taxes" of the Constitution thus:

"1. Capitation, or poll taxes.

"2. Taxes on lands and buildings.

"3. General assessments, whether on the whole property of individuals, or on their whole real or personal estate."

The third and last item is in effect the "general property tax." As Pitt's income tax was not imposed till three years afterward, Hamilton could not have had it in mind. The test of consumption or expense—catching the citizen when he is expending—applied by the Supreme Court in the "Carriage" case, would probably be unworkable to-day by Congress.

No more satisfactory is the modern test suggested by John Stuart Mill, and now adopted so generally by economists, namely, that "indirect taxes" are those demanded from one person in the expectation and intention that he shall indemnify himself at the expense of another, and that all other taxes are "direct." The difficulty a lawyer has with that test grows out of the possible position of the taxpayer, and of possible private bargains relating to payment of the tax. Even when a tax is so indirect as is a customs tax, the same person may be the first and the final payer of it. No "direct tax" can be levied which may not affect personally others than the payer. Congress is not likely to consent to make a tax valid or invalid according to its actual incident in a particular case ascertained after the enactment. There must be a more tangible dividing line than that between direct and indirect taxes.

No accurate and ascertainable classification existed in England between direct and indirect taxes at the end of the last century, and the absence there and here, then and now, is due, no doubt, to the wisdom of those who felt the difficulty of explicitly distinguishing direct from indirect taxation, and prescribing a rule for the future.

It may be that Congress can overcome and remove in a new income tax the difficulties displayed in the execution of the last one, some startling inequalities of which were reported at the time to be these:

In the fiscal year 1869 the total amount of income tax paid in the United States was $34,229,893.32, and of that sum seven States—Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and California—$25,895,597.87, or a little more than three-fourths. But those States embraced only forty per cent. of the population of the Union, and by the census of 1860 the value of all the real and personal property in those seven States was only $6,816,629,409, or a little more than forty per cent. of the aggregate wealth of the Union.

The income tax must have been assessed according to the conscience of the tax-payer!

The Congressional districts were, in 1869, 233 in number, and arranged so as to be nearly as possible equal in population; yet out of the whole 233 there were six that paid $8,281,431 45, or very nearly one-fourth of the whole tax. Seventeen of them, selected from the States of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, and California, paid $17,066,277 01, or, as nearly as possible, one-half of the tax. Mr. Astor paid more than the whole State of Vermont, and Mr. A. T. Stewart paid more than the aggregate amount paid by Florida, Arizona, Colorado, Dakota, Washington, New Mexico, Utah, Idaho, and Montana.

It is possible that a conspiracy of States, by fixing an exemption from an income tax up to a sum so large as to generally preclude the tax in those conspiring States and then by imposing a forty-per-cent, tax on all incomes above that sum, could do great injustice. In case of such a conspiracy, a command in the Constitution that when the Federal government seeks revenue by a tax on income it must first declare the sum in the law, and then distribute the sum among the States according to their numbers, would be of inestimable service.

Feeble and capricious appetites are best regulated by the use of Ayer's Cathartic Pills. They do not debilitate, by excessive stimulation; but cause the stomach, liver, and bowels to perform their functions properly. As an after-dinner pill, they are unequaled.

Now is the time everybody wants an Almanac for the New Year. Numbers of these are published and scattered throughout the country. The one issued by the Centaur Company of New York City is by far the most beautiful and complete. They can be had free of our druggists.

In the fall it is always best to unite all weak colonies and get all as strong as possible for winter.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"Raising" Greenbacks.

TREASURER WALTERS DISCOVERS A COUNTERFEITING SCHEME.

The latest method of counterfeiting has been brought to light by Assistant United States Treasurer L. R. Walters at Philadelphia. It is the raising of the denominations of greenbacks. On Saturday an apparent $50 greenback was received at the local subtreasury, and now it has been discovered that the note was originally a $10 bill of the series of 1880, and that it had been so carefully altered that it took more than a cursory glance to detect the forgery.

The word "silver" had been deftly pasted across the face of the greenback to give it the appearance of a silver certificate, and the figure "5" had been placed over the figure "1" and alongside of the cipher wherever the original figures are printed.

The sub-treasury officials believe that the forgery was committed in West Virginia, as it was first detected in Wheeling. Assistant Treasurer Walters stated that $1 bills are being raised to $10 notes by the same process, and that the circulation of these forged greenbacks is comparatively large.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure, rich, and vitalizing. Sold by all druggists.

A Hundred Ton Magazine Order.

An event in periodical literature, not without its significance to the general public as showing the growth of the reading classes, was the receipt on the 9th of Nov. by The Cosmopolitan Magazine of the order given below. A single order from a news company for one hundred tons of magazines! That is almost an event in the history of the world. A like order has never before been made, and if past rations be maintained it means considerably more than half a million circulation for the December Cosmopolitan. Yet, when the list of authors and artists in the December number is examined, one is not so much surprised. It contains the only known unpublished manuscript of DeMaupassant, illustrated by Vierge, perhaps the most famous of European illustrators; After the World's Fair, by Paul Bourget, John J. Ingalls, William Dean Howells, Lyman J. Gage, Arthur Sherburn Hardy, Mark Twain, Robert Grant and others nearly as famous, and nearly two hundred illustrations, to which the following artists contribute: Hopkinson Smith, Kemble, Harry Fenn, F. O. Small, Attwood, Henckel, Dan Beard, Reinhart and Remington. Think of having the World's Fair done by such expensive as Howells, Mark Twain and Paul Bourget, and sending such as Charles S. Reinhart to Chicago for a single number of a magazine to be sold for only 15 cents, or by subscription 12½ cents. A book publisher, preparing such a book would not dare incur these expenses short of $5.00 a copy. It is not a revolution that is an improvement upon old methods a revolution of vast importance to the reading public? The order to which reference is made reads as follows:

"Publisher Cosmopolitan. Dear Sir:—Of the 200,000 copies of December number to be sent us, please send as follows: 172,650 copies regular edition, 27,250 copies R. R. edition. Yours respectfully, The American News Company."

To Brace Up

the system after "La Grippe," pneumonia, fevers, and other prostrating acute diseases; to build up needed flesh and strength, and to restore health and vigor when you feel "run down" and used up, the best thing in the world is Doctor Pierce's Golden Discovery. It promotes all the bodily functions, rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses, repairs, and invigorates the entire system.

For the most stubborn Scrotulous, Skin or Scalp Diseases, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and kindred ailments, the "Discovery" is the only remedy that's *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Can you think of anything more convincing than the promise that is made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy? It is this: "If we can't cure you your Catarrh, we'll pay you $500 in cash"

All bearing apple orchards should be given a broadcast mulching with barnyard manure.

A coat of manure is one of the best mulches for anything of a tender character.

If a fruit tree is of full size for bearing and does not do so it should be root-pruned.

No better aid to digestion,
No better cure for dyspepsia,
Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Clear up all the trash in the garden and burn it if you would keep free from cut worms.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

THE TARIFF BILL.

INTERNAL REVENUE BILL.

Work of the Investigating Committee.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11, 1893.

President Cleveland was no more disturbed by the seeming discourtesy of the Senate in adopting a resolution, asking for copies of all State department documents relating to Hawaii, than he was by the senseless clamor which followed the publication of Secretary Gresham's recommendation on the same subject some weeks ago. Before the resolution was introduced he had given orders that all of the documents be copied for the purpose of sending them to Congress with the special message on the subject which he stated in his annual message would shortly be sent in. The message and accompanying documents are all ready and they will go to the Senate this week, and some of those documents will not be pleasant reading for republicans, either in or out of Congress They will show a long series of plotting that is entirely opposite to what has always been the recognized foreign policy of the United States.

Your correspondent had a little chat with Chairman Wilson concerning the tariff bill. He said that the bill would be reported to the House this week, probably on Wednesday, and that he had been agreeably surprised at the weakness of the democratic opposition to the bill. The question of submitting the bill to a democratic caucus is still an open one. Personally Mr. Wilson is indifferent, being perfectly satisfied to leave it to his democratic colleagues to decide whether to hold a caucus on the bill or not. He thinks that the permanent benefit which the bill will carry to millions of our people will far outweigh the hardships that it will temporarily impose on thousands, and that in the end it will be generally regarded as one of the best tariff laws ever placed upon our statute books. He looks for minor changes in the bill, both in the House and in the Senate, but not for any changes in its underlying principles—the welfare of the masses rather than that of the favored few.

The internal revenue bill has not been entirely completed, but it probably will be this week. It has been definitely decided to double the tax on cigarettes; to tax playing cards, and to tax inheritances. The income tax is still undecided, but the probability is that the tax on net incomes of corporations, which was first agreed upon by the committee, will remain in the bill, the understanding being that those members of the committee who favor a personal income tax instead will be at liberty to offer that as a substitute for the corporation income tax and leave it to a majority of the House to decide which, if either of them, shall remain in the bill. Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, who is recognized as the leader of the democrats on the Ways and Means committee who favor the personal income tax, has not abandoned hope of winning in the committee. He said on the subject: "The fact that the corporation tax would bear heavily on many people with very limited means, while the individual tax would be collected from the wealthy who escape taxation in many forms, is having its influence. If the tax is levied on individual incomes the rich will then pay their proper proportion which they do not at present and would not under the corporation tax." A compromise has been suggested by which both corporation and individual incomes will be taxed.

The first result of the work of the joint Congressional committee which has for months been investigating the methods of the executive departments of the government will be seen when the legislature, executive and judicial appropriation bill is reported to the House. That bill will make some radical changes in several of the Departments, all in the interest of economy and a more prompt transaction of public business. Among these changes will be the abolishment of the postal note and of several bureaus of the Post Office department, the work of which is not considered necessary. This is only the beginning of the work of the committee, which has three expert accountants aiding it in locating all unnecessary handling of public accounts and duplication of work. Its intention is to put the government business upon the same basis as that of the railroad or other big private concerns before it gets through, but it is already finding it a hard task as the employees of the useless bureaus appear to have more Congressional friends than any other class of government employees.

Democrats in the House are determined that the bill admitting Utah to statehood shall be passed, and if the republicans persist in filibustering to prevent a vote upon it, as they did last week, it will be made a party question and forced to a vote under an order from the committee on Rules.

The Senate will this week begin the consideration of the election repeal bill. Senator Hill will lead the democratic forces.

WINTER EGG-PRODUCTION.

Expert Advice as to the Best Modern Methods.

The following is from the "Country Gentleman": To obtain a breed of fowls that are perpetual layers is the object that many aim at. This is an impossibility, for nature will exhaust itself and must have a period of rest, in order that we have a perpetual production of fresh eggs, the business must be arranged beforehand. There is a difference in breeds, some laying better than others at any time of the year, and others, again, giving their eggs in winter. There is little difficulty in obtaining eggs in summer, but the winter eggs must be worked for, and the fowls managed beforehand. Hens that have laid well during the summer cannot be depended on for late fall or early winter, even if well fed, but will generally commence in January, and keep it up throughout February and March, giving a good supply of eggs if not too old. But it is better not to allow such birds to go into the winter. They are generally fat, after having finished the annual moult, and should be killed for the table. After the second annual moult hens are apt to become egg-bound, especially if well fed and fat. The excess of fat that accumulates about the lower intestines and ovaries weakens these organs and renders them incapable of performing their offices. Hence the fowl suffers and becomes profitless. When left too long the bird becomes feverish and the flesh is unfit for food. The better way is to avoid this trouble, since there is no cure, by not allowing the birds to go into the second winter. Trouble of this kind seldom occurs with pullets or young hens.

To obtain a supply of winter eggs, we must have the chicks out in March or April. Leghorns and some of the smaller breeds will do in May or the first of June, but the Brahmas and Cochins must come off early, that they may have the full season for growth. The Asiatics are generally good layers in winter, and need less artificial heat, as nature has not furnished them with any ornamental appendages which suffer by exposure to frost. For them it is not necessary to spend large sums in warm buildings. What they can dispense with in this respect they demand in feed, which must be given regularly. The feed must be kept up and varied with animal and vegetable diet. The supply of water must never fail. We must feed and feed a long time before the eggs will come. Any breed of hens will consume an enormous quantity of feed before commencing to lay, but after having once begun they will not require, or even take so much grain. When laying, their great craving is for vegetable and animal substance, and crushed clam or oyster shells.

Fowls that are regularly trained have certain portions of the day for their different feeds. My birds require their shells at night, as well as their greens, and their grain in the morning, and always fresh water. When one has the time and convenience, and enjoys the petting of fowls, making warm stews on very cold days is an admirable plan, and the birds relish them marvellously. Take beef or pork scraps, and put into an old kettle, having them previously chopped fine, and fill it half full of water. While stewing, throw in a dozen chopped onions, two dozen cayenne peppers, and the day's coffee and teagrounds. Thicken the mixture with cornmeal, and serve it around among the hens hot. They relish it amazingly when once taught to eat it, and will look for the ration daily at the certain time. On cold winter days give this feed between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the chicks get their crops warmed up for the coming cold at night. If scraps are not handy, boil unpealed potatoes, and serve in the same manner, adding a little grease or cold gravies left over from yesterday's dinner.

The combed varieties require warmer quarters and sunnier exposure than the Asiatics, and are good winter layers after December and early January. They will lay in the fall if early hatched, but the change of fall to winter, and the getting into winter quarters affects them, and they seldom commence again before the days begin to lengthen, at which time Brahmas will cease egg-production and become broody. Where one has the convenience it is well to keep both kinds, in order to insure a supply of eggs. It is useless to expect many eggs from old fowls of any variety. Have the buildings ready early, and the fowls of the right age and in condition to insure success. The business of our domestic hen is to produce eggs, and we must feed her for it.

A Minature Green House.

This is a convenient and ornamental apparatus for growing flowering house plants, or for starting cuttings or seeds early in the season that are afterwards to be transplanted to open ground. B B is a large earthen vessel or pot, in the center of which, at the bottom, the small pot, A, is inverted. The space G G around this is filled with drainage material. On the top of this pot a smaller one, C, of porous earthen, and having straight sides, is set, and the space around this, D D and E E, is filled with mold and sand in which two circles of plants may be set. The pot, C, is filled with water, which percolates through the porous sides and keeps the mold moist enough for purposes of vegetation. Over all the bell glass, F, is placed. If the bell glass and large pot cannot be obtained conveniently, the same principles can be nearly carried out by constructing a square box of wood and framing panes of glass for the cover.

To Increase Eggs.

If an increase of eggs be desired in the poultry yard, before large sums are expended in the purchase of everlasting layers, we would recommend the system of keeping no hens after the first, or at most, after the second year. Early pullets give the increase, and the only wonder is that people persist, as they do, in keeping up a stock of old hens, which lay one day and stop the next. In some parts of Europe it is the invariable rule to keep the pullets only one year. Feeding will do a great deal—a surprising work, indeed—in the production of eggs, but not when old hens are concerned; they may put on fat, but they cannot put down eggs. Their tale is told, their work is done; nothing remains to be done with them but to give them a smell of the kitchen fire, and the sooner they get that the better.

penditures for seacoast defense for the year ending June 30, 1893, were $3,163,004.

With our small regular army it is interesting to know that we have a well-organized militia force of considerable numbers. The latest returns report an organized militia of 112,307 in the States, of whom, in round numbers, 6,000 are in the artillery arm, maintained by thirty-four States, and 5,000 in the cavalry, maintained by twenty-four States. Requests for the co-operation and assistance of the Federal Government in the equipment and instruction of the militia are greater than ever in times of peace, and are the index of an intelligent interest in the nation's military growth and progress.

Interest in the Hawaiian question has not declined, and the strong reply made by ex-Minister Stevens to Mr. Blount's report has aroused much interest in the coming debate on the subject in Congress. There will certainly be some very lively exchanges of oratorical compliments in connection with the controversy as to the overthrow of Queen Lil's Government.

TOWNSEND.

The Holly and the Christmas Tree.

In connection with the holly, which figures so conspicuously in all our Christmas decorations, we find a quaint old conceit chronicled, that every holly bough and lump of berries with which you adorn your house is an act of natural piety as well as beauty, and will, in summer, enable you to relish that green world of which you show yourself not unworthy. In Germany and Scandinavia the holly, or holy tree, is called "Christ's thorn," from its use in church decorations, and because it bears its berries at Christmas-tide. The loving sentiment imprisoned in the holly bough and translatable into every language can hardly be more happily expressed than in Charles Mackay's verses, "Under the Holly Bough:"

Ye who have scorned each other,
Or injured friend or brother,
In this fast fading year;
Ye who by word or deed
Have made a kind heart bleed,
Come, gather here!
Let sinned against and sinning
Forget their strife's beginning,
And join in friendship now;
Be links no longer broken,
Be sweet forgiveness spoken,
Under the holly bough.

To Germany the civilized world is indebted for one of the most enjoyable of all Christmas delights, the Christmas tree. This custom was little known in England before the marriage of Queen Victoria, and was, we believe, introduced by the late Prince Consort. We call it a gift from Germany, and yet, behind the quaint figure of Kris Kringle, coming from the snowy woods, with the tree rising high above his genial shoulders, laden with gifts and glittering with lanterns, as he suddenly invades the lowly German cottage on kindly errand bent, we see the yet more ancient toy pine-tree, hung with oscilla, which boys and girls in ancient Rome looked for on the sixth and seventh days of the Saturnalia. But we who are not antiquaries are content to accept these pretty customs, come whence they may, and to improve on them if we can. A wide gulf is fixed between the Puritanic days, when Christmas was frowned upon as a remnant of evil superstition, and to-day, when nothing is too rare or good for the making of our homes bright and our sanctuaries beautiful in honor of the Author of the Christian Feast. Wherever civilized man is found, there, in one form or another, we find the tokens of adoration and gratitude.—New York Evening Post.

Chinese Inns.

No one who has ever stayed at one of these caravansaries is likely to forget his experience. They are all built on the same plan—a large courtyard, around the four sides of which are built rows of small rooms, the restaurant and office being in front. The buildings are built of sun dried bricks and are usually in the last stages of dilapidation. Each small room contains a brick bed in which a fire can be lighted. There is no furniture except a rough chair and perhaps a table, while the windows are nothing but frames covered with paper. The average Chinese inn is usually a menagerie and zoological garden combined. In the yard can be seen and heard mules, donkeys, dogs, cats, fowls of all kinds, pigs and camels, while in the rooms where the weary traveller is supposed to find rest there is also a rich variety. The scorpion, and at times a small variety of the centipede, often take stinging measures to repel any attempts at friendship.

But the chief glory of the inn is the waiter. In China this important functionary has that patronizing air which distinguishes the gentlemen of his profession in other countries. The inevitable napkin always accompanies him. With it in summer he mops his sweating brow or bare shoulders, while in winter, wrapped about his head it protects him from rain and wind. At all seasons of the year it is the only article he has with which to clean table and plates or chop sticks. Chinese landlords are reasonable in their charges, which to some degree offsets the unpleasantness of living in their inns.

This Woodchuck Had to Climb a Tree.

Men who have hunted woodchucks know that they never climb trees. That is, it is not their nature to do so, and no one familiar with their habits would believe that one ever did unless he saw it himself. The pastor of a little Baptist Church in Kentucky knew this characteristic of the animal, and on it based a story. The congregation was in debt $400 for its new church, and one Sunday was set for making an appeal for subscriptions. In the course of his exhortation that the members of his flock be liberal, the minister said:

"This congregation is like a woodchuck a man once told me about. He was hunting the woodchuck with dogs, he said, and they pressed it so closely that it finally climbed a tree.

"'But,' I said to my friend, 'woodchucks can't climb trees, and you know it.'

"'This woodchuck had to climb a tree,' replied my friend, and that's the way it is with this congregation. You say you can't raise $400, but you've got to do it."

The congregation saw the point, and $350 was raised on the spot, and the rest was secured that week.

The proper boutonniere for Christmas Day is a sprig of holly.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

THE LEGISLATIVE MILL AGAIN BEGINS TO TURN.

The Administration Stakes Its Fortunes on a Low Tariff Bill—Civil Service Reform—A Coast Defence Policy—The Hawaiian Question.

Special Washington Letter.

With Congress again in session, the national capital has assumed its wonted condition of political activity. The coming session will be one of great interest and excitement. As previously stated in this correspondence, the Administration has resolved to stake its success or failure, and with it that if the party it represents, on the passage of a low tariff bill. The Wilson bill, which has been introduced in the House, is to all intents and purposes an Administration measure. Its schedules have been made up in the Treasury Department, and the bill in its main features has been framed to meet the views of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle. The bill will not be carried through Congress without determined opposition. The Republicans interpret the late elections as commissioning them to oppose to the fullest extent any changes in the McKinley tariff bill. The new bill will undoubtedly pass the House at an early day, with a few amendments, and then a protracted struggle may be expected in the Senate.

The Administration is developing a policy in favor of extending the operations of civil service reform. This is shown clearly in Postmaster-General Bissell's report. Mr. Bissell is now recognized as the staunchest advocate of the civil service reform policy that has ever been at the head of the Post-Office Department. His recommendations look to placing the whole department under the operations of the law.

The removal of Civil Service Commissioner Johnston by the President is also in the line of the civil service programme of the Administration. Mr.

Talking Tariff.

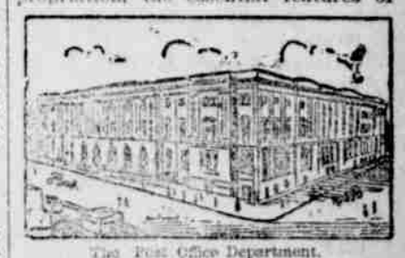
Johnston is a Louisiana Democrat, who was appointed by President Harrison. He has been a thorn in the side of Commissioner Roosevelt and had steadily set his face against any further extension of the civil service rules. The chances are that the new appointee, Mr. John R. Proctor, of Kentucky, will act in harmony with Mr. Roosevelt. Rumor also has it that Commissioner Lyman will go at an early day.

Nobody expected any particular interest to attach this year to the report of the War Department, but Secretary Lamont has managed to present a very interesting document. He has taken up the subject of seacoast fortification, which was a hobby of the late Samuel J. Tilden's, and he makes a very able presentation of the arguments in favor of the policy of gradually concentrating our little army on the seacoast and the frontiers. Col. Lamont considers that Indian warfare is practically at an end in the United States.

The total strength of the army on September 30, 1893, was 2,144 officers and 25,778 enlisted men. For various causes—discharge, purchase, desertion, etc.—the army lost 9,456 enlisted men during the year and gained 9,074 recruits. The discipline, health and general condition of the army are reported good.

The adoption of the new magazine rifle is the most important step taken for the infantry since the civil war. A limited number will be completed within sixty days at the Springfield Armory, and the entire infantry force will be equipped with the new arm before the close of the coming year. The gradual manufacture of a reserve supply of the arm, sufficient for the organized militia, is recommended. The issue of the new 3.2 steel field guns to the militia, and in limited numbers to colleges and schools which manifest a special interest in military instruction, is suggested.

One-third if the report is devoted to the progress of the last eight years in the manufacture of heavy ordnance and in seacoast defense under the project of the Endicott Board of 1885. The progress already made warrants the belief that within the time specified, thirteen years from the first appropriation, the essential features of



The Post Office Department.

the plan will be carried out. By January 1, 1898, there will be ready for mounting nine 12-inch guns, twenty 10-inch guns, thirty-four 8-inch guns, and twenty-five 12-inch mortars. The Engineer Corps is preparing at Portland, Me., Boston, New York, Washington, Hampton Roads, and San Francisco emplacements in all for four 12-inch guns, twenty 10-inch guns, five 8-inch guns, and sixty-four 12-inch mortars, also twenty-four casements for submarine torpedo operations. Work on the coast defenses of Narragansett Bay, Charleston, Tybee Roads, and the Savannah River and Pensacola will be begun during the year. Work will be progressing next year at thirteen of the twenty-eight ports proposed for fortification by the Endicott Board. The annual output of the Watervliet gun factory is fifteen 12-inch guns, fifteen 10-inch and twelve 8-inch guns. The first of the 100 large guns contracted for with the Bethlehem Iron Works is due next year. To keep pace with the manufacture of guns, Secretary Lamont recommends ample appropriations for emplacements and batteries and for the purchase of sites for fortifications, all in accordance with the scheme adopted in 1888. The ex-

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

—PUBLISHED BY—

GEO. E. ELWELL

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1893.

Gov. Pattison has decided to defer the election of a Congressman-at-large to fill the vacancy caused by the death of General Lilley, until the February election. This will be a great saving to the state as a special election would cost nearly a half million dollars.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Report of inspectors bridge in Main twp., near old Fulling mill, filed.

N. H. W. Brown appointed assessor of Main township.

James F. Monaghan appointed registry assessor of S. E. Conyngham, E. E. Straub of Conyngham North and James Tallet of Conyngham West.

Commonwealth vs. Harry E. Trego. Fornication and bastardy. Verdict of guilty.

In matter of divorce Isabella Shaw vs. Harry Shaw. Proclamation ordered by the sheriff.

In re petition for public road in Pine twp., near Wagner's dam, petition continued and viewers authorized to report on first day of next term.

In the matter of the petition for a public road in Jackson twp., near Ellis Young's. A rule is granted to show cause why reviewers shall not be appointed.

Public road in Sugarloaf twp., near Elijah Petterman's. The order to viewers continued with leave to report on first Monday of next term.

Estate of Geo. P. Learn, late of Briarcreek, deceased, Order of sale continued to report on first Monday next term.

In the matter of the petition for a road in Benton twp., near J. J. McHenry's store. The report of the reviewers to be filed on December 11.

Mrs. Lydia Longenberger vs. Nathan Longenberger. Not a true bill.

Martha J. Young vs. Harry Mauger. Fornication and bastardy. Not a true bill and prosecutor to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Thos. Metherell Jr. Charged with entering in the night time the house of John A. Corbit, with intent, &c. Not a true bill.

Com. vs. Roy Crossley. Art. Krug and Thos Metherell. Charged with stealing pigeons. A true bill.

Com. vs. Gurney Lyons. Charged with taking pigeons. True bill.

W. A. Allebach vs. J. J. Crawford. Charge assault and battery. True bill.

Report of viewers in favor of road in Benton twp., near J. L. C. Kline's confirmed nisi and width through improved land of Wesly & Smith be fixed by consent and request at 60 ft., and the other parts at 33 7-10 ft.

Com. vs. Hiram Long and Jonathan Chromis. Defendants plead guilty to larceny of three gallons of whiskey, as per 3rd count.

Sheriff's deed to the executors of Isaac S. Kuhn, deceased, for property of Samuel House and Daniel H. Creveling acknowledged in open Court. Consideration $5,300.

Bonds of G. M. Quick, Prothonotary, presented with the following sureties and approved:—John G. Freeze, John K. Grotz, Boyd McHenry and A. J. Derr.

Jacob Baker excused as a juror for second week.

Auditor's report in estate of Jacob Yeager, confirmed nisi

Charter of Jamison City Methodist church granted

Petition for partition in estate of Mary Vansickle, late of Sugarloaf twp., filed. Inquest awarded.

Commonwealth vs. Abraham Peterman. Larceny. Court sentenced defendant to pay costs of prosecution and a fine of $1 and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for thirty days.

B. & S. injunction case against the Bloomsburg Iron Co. et. al. argued and in the hands of the Judge.

Decree and allotment of real estate of Jesse Johnson, dec'd

R. R. Little appointed Trustee of Jesse Johnson estate, to sell the same.

C. C. Evans appointed Trustee of John E. Fowler Est.

Hotel license of Elmer McBride transferred to Miles Smith at Jerseytown.

Com. vs. Harry E. Trego. F. and B. Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, a fine of $25.00 to Commonwealth, and $10 to mother of child for its maintenance and $30 to mother of child for expenses incurred at birth, that he pay the same to-day or give security to the Sheriff by bond in $100 that he pay the same within six months.

Com. vs. John J. Astor. Larceny, &c. Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, restore the property stolen and undergo imprisonment in the Penitentiary at Phila., for one year and six months, at separate and solitary confinement at labor.

Com. vs. Hiram Long and Jonathan Chromis. Larceny, &c. Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, and a fine of $1.00 each and restore the property stolen or pay the prosecutor J. L. Girton the value thereof and do the same within ten days and stand committed until this sentence is complied with.

At this point Judge Ikeler handed down the following, in accordance with which Court adjourned till Tuesday a. m. Dec. 12th:

"We have to day more than an ordinary warning of the frailty of mankind and that in the midst of life we are in death. In no less than three families of leading members of this bar at this moment death holds his victims. Suddenly and unexpectedly they have been taken, and by it, in our busy life we are reminded forcibly not to fail to reflect and prepare for our appearance and trial before the Courts of Heaven and the Great Judge of all. In respect to the request of the Mayor of the Town of Bloomsburg that all places of business be closed to-day between the hours of 3 and 5 p. m., and in the affectionate regard which the people have ever cherished for their departed citizen, Rev. D. J. Waller Sr., and as a manifestation of our appreciation of his many virtues and good deeds for the public improvements of our town and county which characterized his long and useful life, and in sincere sympathy with the sorrowing and afflicted members of this bar, the Court does now adjourn until 8:30 o'clock a. m. Tuesday, and direct that these minutes be entered upon the records of this Court.

BY THE COURT, E. R. IKELER, P. J."

Report of viewers in favor of road in Benton near J. J. McHenry's store, confirmed nisi.

I. L. Edwards vs. Alfred H. Evans. Ejectment. Verdict for plaintiff for $366 payable in three months from date with interest from Dec. 12, 1893.

In re division of Fishingcreek twp into two election districts. Division as made by Commissioners decreed. East of Division Line to be known as "East Fishingcreek Election District," and west of Division Line to be known as "West Fishingcreek Election District." General, special and township elections for West District to be held at house of A. B. McHenry at Stillwater, E. S. Stoker, Judge, M. W. McHenry and J. N. Long, Inspectors. Elections for the East District to be held at house of John Wenner at Bendertown, Jacob Wenner, Judge, Lewis Beishline and Peter Weaver, Inspectors. The Constable of said township shall give notice of said election according to law.

Jacob Gilbert vs. Roaringcreek Township. Loss of horse on account of bad roads. Judgment in open court for Plaintiff for $25 and costs.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

That we have passed upon all bills of indictment, &c.

We have also examined the public buildings and find them in reasonably good repair, further than that we recommend that the spouting on the residence of the County Jail be given immediate attention, that the Town Clock be lighted each night at same time as the street lights are turned on, that the entire pavement around the Court House be kept clear of snow and all obstructions, that all the water closets in the Court House be kept in a cleaner condition, that the flat roof to the entrance to the Court House be repaired so as to prevent leaking, that several chairs in the main Court room and the rear hall be repaired and that air valves be placed on the radiators in rooms where the floor is carpeted to prevent further damage to the carpet, that the wooden receptacles for the Register & Recorder's vault be replaced with metalic book racks and the deed drawers be plainly lettered, that an arc light be suspended in front of the Court House, that the Commissioners arrange to the best advantage to have a watchman at the Catawissa Bridge and three lights placed therein; we further recommend that the County Auditors and County Commissioners at their next meeting to settle and audit the accounts for the past year, make provision to reduce or fix a special percentage for the County Treasurer when an unsual large sum of money is to be handled, as for instance in erecting public buildings, &c., that the rate be commensurate with the duties of his office.

A Timely Bit of Advice.

In these times of grip and pneumonia it is of great importance that we should know where to look for a safe and sure remedy. A slight cold may become a serious one, the scarcely noticeable pain in the chest is too often the forerunner of pneumonia. The first cough may lead to consumption (a cough is *always* dangerous). Never neglect a cold or cough for even one day, but get at once, as a safe and sure remedy, Kemp's Balsam, the best cough cure, which is recommended on all sides. It should be kept in the house regularly to avoid delay when needed. It is sold at all the drug stores. 12-15-2t.

GENERAL NEWS.

Henry S. Cochran, the convicted ex-chief weigher of the Philadelphia mint, was sentenced on Monday by Judge Butler to pay a fine of $1,000, and imprisonment in the penitentiary for seven years and six months.

The grip seems to be prevalent all over the country. At Omaha, Neb., there are over 500 severe cases besides those of milder form.

The Standard Oil company is about to develop the new oil fields in Susquehanna and Bradford counties. It has leased a three cornered strip extending from Bradford in McKean county to Brooklyn, Susquehanna county, where a New York syndicate is erecting derricks. This will include Jefferson, Elk and Cameron counties and part of Clearfield, Clinton, Lycoming and Potter, a small strip of Sullivan and all of Bradford county lying south of Towanda. This will cover all the territory in Pennsylvania where there are surface indications of oil or gas, and prospecting will at once begin on a very extensive scale.

Dwight L. Moody, the well known evangelist, has decided to go to Washington this winter and conduct a series of meetings. He will be accompanied by Mr. Ira D. Sankey, who has been Mr. Moody's assistant for several years.

The following is the repsblican political slate for 1894. Governor. D. E. Hastings of Centre county; Lieutenant Governor, Walter Lynn, of Allegheny; Auditor General, Amos H. Mylin, of Lancaster; Secretary of Internal affairs, Giles D. Price, of Erie. It is said that both Quay and Cameron have united upon the ticket.

Ex-President Harrison has nearly completed the lectures he is to deliver before the Stanford University and he will leave for California about February 1st.

William Johnson, colored, who was found guilty of stealing a mail pouch while in transit from Doylestown to Philadelphia, was on Monday sentenced by Judge Butler in the United States District Court to three years in the Eastern Penitentiary. The mail pouch contained some 400 letters, and many of them had checks and drafts and other valuable papers in them. Many of the papers were destroyed by Johnson according to the evidence.

A bill was presented Monday in the House, to admit Utah as a State.

Edward A. Williams, who undertook to walk from New York to New Orleans, in seventy-three days, without spending a cent en route, arrived at his destination at 3:30 p. m. Monday, five days ahead of time.

News from Honolulu state that the porvisional government will resist every attempt to restore the queen.

Again it is reported that the great Keely moter will soon be completed and ready to show to the world. The power is claimed to be applicable to all motive engines. He will soon take out patents for all his inventions.

Fred Miller, the pedestrian, and Gaess, his dog, who started to walk from Baldwin's Hotel, San Francisco, to New York—3,200 miles—on June 26, arrived in New York Monday. He states he met with no trouble, except want of food when he crossed Arizona and New Mexico. He managed to obtain sufficient water by his canteen, which held one gallon. Miller was to complete the journey in six months and had to depend entirely on the public for food for himself and dog.

They left Buffalo on election night, Miller calling at every post office on the way. He brings cards and entry book signed by postmasters all along the route. He came along the Erie Canal towpath from Buffalo to Albany. He says all through the towns and cities in New York State he was treated kindly.

Solid gold rings all prices at Hess Bros.

Mr. C. M. Lauer

"Nerves Shattered

Generally broken down; at times I would fall over with a touch of the vertigo; was not able to go any distance from the house. I was a miserable man. The day I commenced on bottle No. 2 of Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to feel better and I now feel like a new man.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I am working again, and do not have any of my bad spells. I have a perfect cure." CHAS. M. LAUER, 650 W. Market St., York, Pa.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c.

Holiday Excursion Tickets on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of the increased travel which the holiday season always brings, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will this year sell excursion tickets between the various stations on its system at the reduced rate of two cents per mile. Such tickets will be sold between all stations except to and from stations on the Downingtown and Lancaster Branch and the United Railroads of New Jersey Division. The dates of sale are December 22d to 25th and December 29th to January 1st, 1894, inclusive, valid for return until January 3d, 1894, inclusive.

Keep the blood pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you decide to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be persuaded to take any other.

Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

The taking off of the early morning train on the Philadelphia & Reading railroad not only affected the people of Bloomsburg, but also all places located this side of West Milton. The people of Danville miss the train as we do. The following from the Danville *Montour American* shows a plan that may be accomplished which would restore part of the conveniences we formerly enjoyed.

"Since the night train has been taken off the Reading Road our people miss it very much. It is understood that the reason for its withdrawal was, that it did not pay. Instead of running a train through from East Mahanoy as before, could not the management run a train over from West Milton to Catawissa or Bloomsburg, upon the arrival of train No. 7 leaving Philadelphia at 4 p. m. arriving at West Milton 9.45. The same train could then return to Milton in time to connect with train No. 14 which leaves Williamsport at 11.15; West Milton at 12.21 and arrives in Philadelphia at 7.12 the next morning. This would make a convenient train for our business men who go to Philadelphia frequently."

ST. ELMO HOTEL.

MAIN STREET, NEAR IRON.

Having purchased this hotel from J. L. Girton, I respectfully ask a fair share of public patronage. The house is provided with all modern conveniences, the table is supplied in first class style, and the bar is stocked with fine wines, liquors and cigars.

H. F. Dietterich, PROPRIETOR.

'93, Dec.-8-1 yr.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, Pa., the undersigned will sell at public sale on the premises of Jesse Johnson, late of Beaver twp., Col. Co., dec'd on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1894,

at 12 o'clock noon, the following described piece or parcel of land bounded and described as follows: On the south by a public road leading from Shumantown to Mt. Grove, on the north by lands of Miles Reilly and others, on the east by land of Allen Mann, on the west by lands of Samuel Johnson and Wm. Smith, containing

249 ACRES

of land, more or less, on which are erected a

LOG DWELLING,

Bank Barn, Shed, Cider Press, Water Power, a good Orchard. 120 acres, more or less, are cleared, the balance about 115 or 120 being

FINE OAK AND WHITE PINE TIMBER LAND.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, one-third in six months after confirmation nisi, and the balance in six months thereafter with interest on deferred payments from confirmation nisi and the same to be secured in the property; no timber to be removed from the premises until the purchaser shall first have given independent security for payment of unpaid purchase money, to be approved by the Court.

☞ Attention of lumberman is hereby called to the fact that the timber tract mentioned above is a most desirable one, lying as it does within about two miles of the S. H. & W. railroad.

G. H. TROUTMAN, C. B. JACKSON, } Attorneys. R. R. LITTLE, Trustee.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg.

The best are the cheapest.

Holiday Goods

NOW OPEN,

which you are invited to call and see, consisting in part of

Dress Silks;
Dress Goods,
Black Dress Goods;
Black Shawls,
Fine Table Linens,
Counterpanes,
Towels of all kinds,
Napkins and Doyles,
Chenille Curtains,
Table Covers,
Fur Rugs,
Lace Curtains,
All Wool Blankets,
Kid Gloves,
Sewing Machines,
Fur Capes and Muffs,
White Aprons,
Hosiery and Underwear,
Gloves and Mittens,
Ice Wool Shawls,
Embroidered Flannels,

Special Values —IN— HANDKERCHIEFS OF ALL KINDS.

Framed Pictures,
Statuary New
Rogers' Groupes.
Silverware, a big line,
Fancy China,
A Big line of Pocket Books,
Shopping Bags and Purses,
A New lot of Jewelry,
Umbrella Stands,
Fine Umbrellas,
Fancy Down Cushions,
Gold Rings 25 cts. up,
Necklaces, Scarf Pins,
Cuff Buttons, &c.,
Music Rolls; Grips,
Picture Frames, &c.,
Books, &c.,

LADIES' and CHILDRENS' COATS.

Our entire Stock at January Prices. This means a

Big Cut in Prices,

money in your pockets.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

SNYDER & MAGEE CO., Limited,

Special Cash Sale on Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

DECEMBER 14th, 15th and 16th.

Following are a few of the articles which we will sell at the prices named, only on the dates specified. All our goods are nice and fresh. We have not been open long enough to carry old stock.

Granulated sugar 5c. per pound.
Rolled oats 4c. per pound.
Hams 13c. per pound.
California honey 10c. per pound.
Good rice 5c. per pound.
Dried peaches 10c. per pound.
Dried pears 11c. per pound.
Good cream cheese 12½c. per pound.
60c. tea for 40c.
Condensed milk, Eagle Brand 16c. per can.
Condensed milk, Puritan Brand, 16c. per can.
Condensed milk, Champion Brand, 12c. per can.
Arbuckle's coffee 25c. per pound.

French prunes 10c. per pound.
Good raisins 6c. per pound.
Seedless raisins 10c. per pound.
Fine raisins 9c. per pound.
Dried apricots 15c. per pound.
Evaporated apples 14c. per pound.
Good lard 12½c. per pound.
Horse radish 9c. per bottle.
Catsup 9 and 22c. per bottle.
Fine syrup 11c. per quart.
New crop New Orleans molasses 50c. gallon.
Bottled honey 18c. per bottle.
Mustard 9c. per mug.
Bottled pickles 9, 14 & 24c. per bottle.

10 per cent. discount on all fine Dress Goods.
5 " " " on all Calicoes and Ginghams.

We still have a few Misses' and Ladies' Coats, all new goods, latest styles and best material, which we will sell at cost between now and Christmas.

We have Bargains in the following:

90c.	carpet for 75c.	Dress goods,	Lamps,
87c.	" " 72c.	Mittens,	Chinaware,
50c.	" " 45c.	Gloves,	Glassware,
75c.	" " 63c.	Ties,	Wood & Willow Ware,
65c.	" " 53c.	Handkerchiefs.	Furniture,
35c.	" " 26c.	Shoes and Rubbers,	Oil cloths.

All carpets made and lined free of charge. Ladies' and Gents Underwear.

Remember that on January 10th, 1894, we give away a fine solid mahogany parlor suit, a beautiful Wilton rug covered couch, and a fine toilet set of 11 pieces, valued at $75.00, $17.00, $12.00 respectively.

Every time you buy $2.50 worth of goods you get a ticket and the holders of the lucky tickets will get these beautiful gifts.

SNYDER & MAGEE CO., Limited,

4th and Market Streets. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1893.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

A new iron bridge will shortly be built across the West Branch of the Susquehanna at Milton. It will be a free bridge.

Toys for girls and boys of all ages at Gilmore's Toy Bazaar. 3t.

Some one left a quart bottle of ink on our office counter two weeks ago. Unless the owner calls for it soon the ink is liable to be used.

J. G. Wells has just received some mistletoe Christmas spoons, the latest pattern out. Beautiful for gifts. tf.

John Smith of Ringtown bought the G. B. Martin property last Monday at public sale, for $3,300. J. S. Williams was the auctioneer.

The public schools will be closed during the week beginning with Christmas, and will commence again Tuesday, January 2d.

All the bed rooms in the St. Elmo Hotel have been newly papered and otherwise improved. The new landlord, H. F. Dietterich proposes to keep up with the procession.

Gold pens in holders all prices at Hess Bros.

We will be ready the first of next week to show you a complete line of books, leather goods and fancy articles suitable for Holiday gifts. William H. Slate, successor to W. H. Brooke & Co.

The contract for building the new Court House for Sullivan county has been awarded to Lawrence Bros., of Dushore, for $24,400. They are said to be good workmen and are now building a Court House at Troy.

The Huntingdon Valley Camp meeting Association have decided upon purchasing the Benscoter grove. It is located about four miles from Shickshinny. A stream of water runs along one edge of the grove.

Notions of all kinds at M. Ellenbogen & Bro.

A notice of a wedding at New Columbus on November 29th, is not printed, because no name was signed to it. The name of the writer must always be given in order to secure publication of any article whatever.

There will be a meeting of the directors of Columbia county at the High School building, Bloomsburg, Saturday, December 16th, at 1 o'clock to hear the report of the committee appointed to inquire into the rumors against the County Superintendent.

The Woman's Missionary Society will hold a Praise and Thanksgiving service Sunday evening, Dec. 17th, at 7 o'clock, in St. Matthew's Lutheran Church. Music will be rendered by the male choir and an address delivered by Rev. F. P. Manhart.

With every boys' suit or overcoat we will give free the great "Phisto Puzzle" at Gross'.

The license of the Smith hotel in Jerseytown has been transferred from Elmer McBride to Miles Smith. The latter is an experienced landlord, and the travelling public will continue to receive the same attention for which it has been noted for many years past.

Drake & Son arrived in Bloomsburg on Wednesday with their undertaking vehicles consisting of a magnificent funeral car, a fine hearse, and a dead wagon. They expect to be in shape for business by the 20th. Mr. Drake will reside in one of the Robbins houses on Iron street.

All kinds of games at Gilmore's Toy Bazaar. 3t.

Arrangements are being made for a grand occasion at the McHenry House, Benton, on Christmas night. A ball and a venison supper will be the attractions.

EVERY FAMILY should have a box of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, the use of which will cure most of our ailments. 2t.

Mrs. Stohner and sister have moved their millinery store from the A. J. Evans building to the second floor of C. B. Robbins' where Mrs. Stohner has her residence.

Paper, linen and silk lamp shades at Mercer's. 2w.

A great variety of rings at very low prices at J. G. Wells'. tf.

Furs, muffs, &c. at CLARK & SON.

Robert W. Davis, one of the students of Wood's Business College is store manager for the Scranton & Ontario Coal Company, at Peckville.

A prominent dry goods merchant of Bloomsburg was present when Mr. Gross was selling overcoats his remark was, how can you afford to sell so cheap? Ladies and Gents' buying for cash tells the story.

A cold wave reached us Tuesday morning—the mercury taking a sudden drop—at noon registering 20 degrees, which was the coldest day thus far this winter.

Ships, Noah's Arks, wagons, sleds, and all kinds of wooden toys at Gilmore's Toy Bazaar. 3t.

If you need Rubber Boots or felt Boots I can save you money.
J. A. HESS.

A large assortment of Excelsior Diaries for 1894 at William H. Slate's Book Store, Exchange building.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year. Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness

The case of Krickbaum vs Snyder was settled on Monday, plaintiff accepting $50, the sum offered by the defendant, and the latter paying the costs. The suit was brought to recover pay for advertising the list of liquor license applications, and Mr. Snyder offered to pay the same price as charged by all the other papers, but this was refused by Mr. Krickbaum until the settlement was effected.

I have a large stock of Men's Kip Boots of odd sizes which I will sell at a bargain, J. A. HESS.

Steam engines, fire engines, locomotives, hose carriages, railroad trains, trolley cars, &c. at Gilmore's Toy Bazaar. 3t.

Solid silver tea spoons in plush box from $5.25 per set up at Hess Bros.

For all Lamp Globes and Lamp Fixtures go to Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

Albums from 75c. up, at Hess Bros.

Dolls, all kinds, at Gilmore's Toy Bazaar.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The taxpayers of Bloomsburg are hereby notified that five per cent will be added to all taxes unpaid by December 25th. M. C. WOODWARD, Collector.
2t.

It not only relieves; it does more it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages, all conditions, at all times.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

A very large line of Ladies' and Gentlemens' medium and high price Shoes will always be found at a bargain. J. A. HESS.

Ladies' Aprons at M. Ellenbogen & Bro.

Be sure to call and see the largest stock of jewelry in the county at J. G. Wells'. tf.

A very large line of card cases, pocket books and teachers' Bibles at Mercer's. 2w.

M. Ellenbogen & Bro. for handkerchiefs, the cheapest and best.

Fountain and gold pens and gold pencils, and tooth picks at Mercer's

Fine linen and silk handkerchiefs at I. W. McKelvy's.

For Gloves and Hosiery go to M. Ellenbogen & Bro.

Watches from $4.00 up, at Hess Bros.

The largest line of Holiday goods ever shown in Bloomsburg at Mercer's Drug & Book store. 2w.

Underwear at M. Ellenbogen & Bro.

International teacher's Bibles at Hess Bros.

Lamps—come and see them. Night lamps, stand lamps, banquet lamps, piano lamps, cheap at Mercer's Drug & Book store. 2w.

Chenille curtains and table covers at I. W. McKelvy's.

Call and see our large Bibles. J. H. Mercer. 2w.

Ladies' coats and capes at I. W. McKelvy's

Holman's Pronouncing teacher's Bible at Hess Bros.

For all kinds of holiday goods call at New York Novelty Store.

With every man's suit and overcoat we give away free a valuable and useful piece of furniture at Gross' N. Y. Store.

The largest line of Prayer Books and Hymnals in Bloomsburg at Mercer's Drug & Book store. 2w.

My stock of suits and overcoats is too large; they must be sold. How? Why, by a general reduction in the price. Come and get a good winter suit at prices that will astonish you at Grosses clothing store.

Juvenile books for the boys and girls at Mercer's. 2w.

Toilet sets, manicure sets, nut pick sets, smoker's sets, necktie sets, collar and cuff boxes, handkerchief boxes, whisp holders, work boxes, traveling cases, ink stands, jewel cases, bon bon boxes, shaving sets and many other beautiful presents at Mercer's. 2w.

Bargains in solid gold spectacles at Hess Bros.

Gilmore's Toy Bazaar is now ready for the Holidays. Go and see the big display. 3t.

Silver sets, quadruple plates, from $9.00 up at Hess Bros.

Gloves, all kinds at GIDDING & SALSBURG.

I can give you Ladies' black overgaiters for 50 cts, Gentlemen the same price 50 cts. J. A. HESS.

Holiday goods! Holiday goods at Hess Bros.

Hurlburt's Notes on S. S. lessons at Hess Bros.

For a nice hanging Lamp, cheap, go to Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

If money you would place in your pockets, see our big line of Handkerchiefs of all kinds. Initial handkerchiefs, 5 and 10c. up. Initial handkerchiefs, 75c grade, 49c. See our embroidered handkerchiefs.
H. J. CLARK & SON.

Just what you want in Slippers for Christmas gifts, I have no old stock, but just received a stylish Slipper from 48 cents upwards.
GROSS, opposite Central Hotel. tf.

The Shoe For the Winter.

$2.00 will buy you a Genuine cork soles which defy pneumonia and colds at Gross'. Opp. Central Hotel. tf.

Mens' good Rubber boots only $2.62 and Mens' combination Wool boots and Lumbermen Overs at $2.35. Take a look at them at Gross', opp. Central Hotel. tf.

A Genuine heavy Woman's glove grain button Shoe were selling at $1.35 now 98 cents. Gross', opp. Central Hotel. tf.

Bagster's teacher's Bibles at Hess Bros.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

If you buy that Xmas Present without seeing my assortment you will regret it. They will be open for inspection by

Saturday Ev'ng, December -- 9th.

Leather Goods, Derby Silver, Neck Tie Boxes, Cut Glass Shaving Sets, Triplicate Mirrors French Atomizers Manicure Sets.

Toilet Sets, 50ct. Novelties, Traveling Cases, Fancy Perfumes, Collar & Cuff Boxes, Smoking Sets, Cigars 25 to Box. Artists' Materials, Picture Frames.

Watch my Windows for something Odd.

RISHTON'S DRUG STORE,
Opposite Post Office.

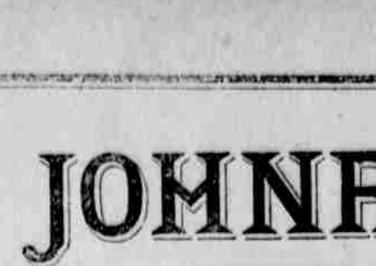
JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

CORNER OF MARKET AND MAIN STREET.

BLOOMSBURG.

—OUR—



Contains some special things just now.

Boys Knee Pants Suits that were 5, 6 and 7, Now from $1 to $2 less in price.

A BIG RUN AT $10.00 $12.00 and $15.00

We're showing the greatest line of Suits and Overcoats in the town, from $2 to $5, lower in price than what they were made to sell for—at $6 and $8 00. We show many different styles. They'd be ready sellers at from $2 to $3.00 more. If you're looking out for your own interest you'll certainly visit our store before buying your clothing. We ask it of you: anxious to have you come in and look through our stock.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Such as Neckwear, Gloves, Mufflers, Umbrellas, silk and linen, plain or initial Handkerchiefs, at prices to suit the slenderest as well as the fattest purse.
Chance on goat outfit closes Dec. 30th.

GIDDING & SALSBURG,
ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Turkeys and chickens at I. W. McKelvy's.

Hand baskets and baskets of all descriptions at New York Novelty Store.

Holiday goods in a large variety at Slate's Book and Stationery Store, Exchange building.

Every coat in our house at a big reduction from former prices.
CLARK & SON.

A large line of books, booklets, books in sets, juveniles etc., etc., at Mercer's Book store. 2w.

Lap work baskets, scrap and waste baskets at New York Novelty Store.

The largest line of books of all kinds in Bloomsburg, at Slate's Book Store, Exchange building.

Come before it is too late; don't let your neighbor get all the bargains that Mr. Gross is offering in clothing.

Gentlemen's neckwear at I. W. McKelvy's.

Watches of all kinds, for ladies and gentlemen, at very low prices, with guaranty, at J. G. Wells'. tf

The largest line of fancy work and stand baskets at New York Novelty Store.

Table games from 10c. to $1.50 at Slate's Book Store, Exchange building.

A present for both old and young at Mercer's Drug & Book store. 2w.

A fine line of new dress goods at I. W. McKelvy's.

Toilet, manicure and shaving cases at Hess Bros.

Teacher's Bibles, Revised Prayer and Hymnals, Methodist Hymnals and books of worship—at William H. Slate's Book Store, Exchange building.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as any thing else. Its easier cure a severe cold or cough with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better result; better try it. —W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

For Gentlemens' fancy embroidered Slippers for Holiday gifts call and examine. J. A. HESS.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

Best Photographs and Crayons at M'Killip Bros.

All orders finished promptly by Christmas.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Our Prelude on Hard Times and Christmas Goods this week.

The times never were better for persons on SALARY, or for those who live on their BONDS. "Why?" because they get many of the goods they need or desire for nearly half price, only butter, eggs, pork and beef are a trifle HIGH. Groceries, fruits, canned goods, spices, chickens, Turkeys, &c., &c., are VERY CHEAP.——See the stock of Christmas presents—goods other years 25, 50, 75 cents and $1.00 now on the 10 cent counter. Handkerchiefs, ties, mufflers, gloves, furs, underwear, COATS, Blankets, linens, towels, napkins, table covers, counterpanes, curtains, books, tablets, silverware, gold pen and holder $1.00, Dress goods, Silks, Velvets, prints, ginghams, umbrellas, etc., etc., almost at your own prices. This and next week will be the selling time. Call and see us before you buy. Table oil cloths 16 cts. this week yet.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

Best Photographs and Crayons at M'Killip Bros.

All orders finished promptly by Christmas.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

There has just been received at this office a beautiful line of samples of folding cards, dance lists, menus, wedding invitations, ball cards, and society cards of all kinds. tf.

An engraved plate and fifty calling cards would be an acceptable Christmas present for any lady. Order them of THE COLUMBIAN. tf.

Early Risers. Early Risers. Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia and nervousness.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

TO FARMERS'

We have a fine stock of our New Feed Cutters and Crushers and Corn Sheller on hand to sell at panic prices. Call and see them.
WHITE & CONNER,
11-24-3t.* Orangeville, Pa.

License blanks for hotel, restaurant, wholesale, bottlers, and distillers for sale at THE COLUMBIAN office. tf.

I Can Procure You Money

for the purchase of real estate, the erection of buildings or making of other improvements on lands or to pay off an incumberence at a very low rate of interest and you can have from 5 to 20 years time to repay loan in easy monthly installments. Loans are made on either farm or city property. Building loans are made and the amount of loan advanced as work progresses. Call on or address
J. F. HARKINS,
Evans Block, Bloomsburg, Pa.
8-25-tf.

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Oysters, by the quart and by the hundred. Oysters raw, stewed and fried, at C. B. Chrisman's. tf.

Not one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

A DIVIDEND PAYER!

THE GOLD DOLLAR MINING CO.,
OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO.

Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital Stock, 700,000 shares, par value one dollar each.

FULL PAID and NON-ASSESSABLE
150,000 Shares in Treasury.

The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.

Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in larger quantities.

In January, 1894, the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 36 per cent per annum on the amount invested.
H. H. OFFICER, Sec. and Treas.

A limited amount of the shares are now offered AT 50 CENTS PER share.

Stock, Prospectus and experts' report may be obtained from the banking house of
H. R. LOUNSBERY, 57 Broadway, N. Y.
12-15-4t.

BUGGIES at ½ Price

CARTS & HARNESS

$50 Top Buggy ... $33
$65 Phaeton $34
4 Pass. Top Surrey $47
$50 Road Wagon. $25
$18 Road Cart... $8.25
Buggy Harness.. $3.85
$15 Buggy " .. $4.75
$50 Team " .. $12.50
Morgan Saddle.. $1.65

We Cut the PRICES and outsell ALL competitors. Buy of factory and save Middleman's profit. Catalogue Free.

U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.,
2 to 18 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.
12-15-4t.

WANTED 300,000 POSITIONS!

For the Unemployed. The chance of a Life-time for MALE and FEMALE to secure paying and permanent positions. All information FREE. For further particulars address:
W. S. BURKHART, 234 MAIN STREET, Cincinnati, Ohio.
12-15-4t.

PIANOS New $150; Organs 84 stops $50. Cut Pres. Dan'l F. Beatty. Washington, New Jersey. 12-15-4t.

PERILS OF DIVERS.

FEARFUL DANGERS TO BE MET UNDER WATER.

Adventure With an Enormous Shark—A Queer Fight With Dogfish—Queer Actions of Bodies Under Water—Diver's Tricks.

"I've seen many a time when I'd rather be under water than on shore. I used to feel that way sometimes."

Mr. Edward H. Littlefield, a native of Block Island, but now keeper of a fish market on Fountain street, sixty-six years old, made this remark in a story he was telling one afternoon. He was a diver for twenty-four years, in all spent forty years under the water or upon it, and has tackled wrecks from Lake Superior to Niagara Falls, and from Maine to Port Royal. He estimates the number of bodies he has with his own hands pulled out of sunken vessels at 100, and that he has walked out and around 40 to 50 vessels lying in water varying in depth from 15 to 108 feet. He nearly lost his life ten years ago while getting the cargo out of the schooner Warren Gage, off the east of Narragansett Pier, and has since that time preferred to stay above water.

"My first experience," said he, "was in Seaconnet River, in 1859, hunting for Capt. Ben Tallman's son Jerome. It was in the month of August, and Jerome Tallman had been in the water eleven days. They'd dragged for him, but couldn't find him. I was shipman for Capt. Charles Herbert, the wrecker, then, but one day the regular diver took sick, and as they had an agreement giving Capt. Herbert $500 if he found the body in three days, and $300 if he did not, with the idea of working at it all the time, I was picked out to go down. It was right off Gould's Island, and I went down at 7:30 o'clock in the morning. I wasn't used to it, so I took sick about 9:30 o'clock, but I got some old Cognac brandy to drink and went back about 11. The first thing I saw when I got down the second time was a swarm of bluefish. I went through them, and then came a lot of dogfish. These dogfish are tough things, for they have two spurs on the back near the tail, and they wind around a man's legs and spur him. They smashed against me, and any number of them spurred my legs a good deal as roosters use their spurs, so that I at last got out my knife and went to cutting my way through. You know dogfish will feed on a dogfish that is dead, so I ripped them open all around me as they went along with the tide, and the others ate the injured ones. I must have killed fifty or sixty of them, all two or three feet long.

"After I got through them I felt something whirl me round. I could tell it wasn't the current, so I looked around to see what it was. There was a big shark off to my left, looking at me. I'd have given a city to be out of his way; but, says I, if I go up he'll bite me in two; and so I decided to stay there. I felt just as if my helmet was rising up. I suppose it was my hair. Well, Mr. Shark looked at me a while. Then he goes round me twice and a half, and then I got my knife out again. He turns on one side, and I could have put a barrel in his mouth easy. I knew what was coming, so I waited. He dashed for me, and as he came I stepped one side, shut my eyes and slashed with the knife. I caught him in his life, for I cut his heart right in two. I opened my eyes and found him lying on the bottom fifty or sixty feet off, the blood rising from him in bubbles. I went up to him, and then something happened to me; I don't know what. I suppose I fainted, for I came to with my body leaning against the shark's, down there on the bottom. Well, I hadn't given any signal to my tender, so he had kept up the air supply, but pretty quick I felt them pull three times, to ask me if I was all right. They said the blood all came up to the top in bubbles before it mixed with the water. Why, that shark's liver—I cut half of it out—couldn't have been got into a barrel.

"But, after all, I had my greatest experiences in the two years before the war. The time I went down 168 feet, the deepest I ever got, was in 1860. A vessel went down east-northeast of Point Judith, and the Captain's wife and daughter were drowned. I went down after them. They talk to me now of going down 500 or 600 feet, but I don't believe it. After the first 100 feet the pumps won't supply a man with air, except inside his helmet. Before that it will circulate around his body. When it only reaches his helmet his clothes begin to cling to him, and his pores flow out all the water in his body. It is a terrible sensation. Now, I got down to this vessel, and started to descend into the companionway. At the first step I began to feel numb all over. It was the pressure of the water above me, and as I'd been told about it I went back on the deck of the sunken vessel and climbed into the ratlines. I hadn't gone up more than three steps before I felt better. Then I went back again. You can continue this right straight along and go deeper each time. When I felt numb again I went upon deck and climbed onto the rail. I was all right in a minute, and then went into the companionway again. All this time the vessel was waving from side to side with the swell under the water.

"Now, it's queer, but there's something about bodies under water. Did you know that if you went into the cabin of a vessel where one was that it would start towards you, almost as if it were alive? It is that that makes the shock so terrible. You can't avoid them. They come as if they wanted to be taken away. Well, the Captain's wife and daughter were in the stateroom at the foot of the stairs, and I had to open the door. I took some blocks and braced my whole weight against the door. I weighed 200 pounds, and the suit weighed 265 more. I knew there'd be a terrible shock, so I got all ready. The door gave way at last, and broke into kindling wood like a flash. The concussion of the water flung the bodies towards me like lightning. I shut my eyes, and, reaching out to grab the bodies, caught the woman's as she flew towards me. I signalled, and was taken up. Then I went down to hunt for the little girl. I found she had come out when her mother did, and floated under the cabin table. Why, that table was set just as when the vessel sunk, and there was food on the plates at that very time. I was pulled up with the little girl."

Pausing, the old diver began to laugh, and when asked what it was about he said it was the air pump. In former times the pumping had been by hand, but now it was by steam. He preferred steam, for it kept up a regular supply of air. When it was done by hand, if a diver wanted more air they were liable to pump too fast, and if he signalled this was so they very likely sent it down too slowly. He told of a trick he once played on a water-pipe boss who went down to inspect the pipes on the bottom of Toronto Bay. The fellow was a tyrannical Englishman, and was hated by all the men. One day when the boss was under water a workman remarked that he'd like to shut off the air for a while. Mr. Littlefield said that was wicked, but asked the workmen to light their pipes and smoke near the pump, saying that would do as well as shutting off the air. They didn't all see why, but they did it. A pump sucks up everything in the air at its orifice, and very shortly it was carrying down tobacco smoke by the cubic foot. Two minutes elapsed, and then the boss gave three wild pulls to be taken up. He arrived at the surface very sick and frightened out of his wits. The first thing he asked was if the pump hadn't got afire. Mr. Littlefield said he guessed it had, and ordered a man to pour water on the bearings. This satisfied the boss, and the men went into fits behind his back. The man would never go down after that; he said he thought he had had an attack of heart disease.—Providence Journal.

Life on the Planet Venus

It will be remembered that about two years ago the famous Italian astronomer, Schiaparelli, announced that he had discovered that Venus, which is a world very slightly smaller than ours, makes only one turn on its axis in going once around the sun. It would follow from this that on Venus there is no succession of days and nights as upon the earth, but that perpetual day reigns on one side of the planet and perpetual night on the other. In other words, if Schiaparelli is right, Venus always presents the same face to the sun, just as the moon forever turns the same hemisphere towards the earth.

The inhabitants of the sunward side of Venus, then—if there be any—never see the sun set, while the inhabitants of the other side never see the sun at all, unless they visit the opposite hemisphere of their globe.

Of course, no one knows whether there are inhabitants upon Venus or not, but we do know that Venus has an atmosphere, and that in its atmosphere watery vapor exists and clouds float, and that upon the surface of the planet the force of gravitation is not very different from that which it manifests on the surface of the earth. Accordingly, there are some reasons to be urged in behalf of the opinion that Venus may be an inhabited world.

But if one-half of Venus be buried in endless night while the other half lies glaring beneath a never-setting sun, it is evident that the inhabitants of that planet must have experiences that would be most strange and trying to us. So the question whether Venus really does rotate on its axis once in 225 days, the period of its revolution around the sun, derives an added interest from the consideration that the planet possibly has inhabitants.

The older observations indicated that Venus rotated in between twenty-three and twenty-four hours, giving it days and nights about equal to those of the earth. In order to settle the question it has recently been proposed to apply the spectroscope. It is known that in the spectrum of a celestial body which is rapidly approaching the earth the spectroscopic lines are shifted towards the blue, while in the spectrum of a fast retreating body the lines are shifted towards the red.

The principle has been used in measuring the rate of the sun's rotation. The lines are shifted towards the blue on the eastern and towards the red on the western edge of the sun, and by measuring the amount of shifting the rate of rotation is found. It is easy to see that the same method may be applied to find out how fast Venus revolves on its axis.

Every one who watches the glorious evening star growing brighter and brighter in the sunset sky during the coming months will certainly be eager to hear the latest news from the astronomers who are trying to find out whether Venus has successive days and nights like the earth or has only a day side and a night side.—Youth's Companion.

An Insidious Fashion.

The tea our grandmothers slowly brewed before one's eyes in copper kettles and then poured out into great gold-rimmed cups, or those of genuine china make, with mandarins disporting on the sides, is getting to be an unknown article. Now it is Russian tea, or tea with cordial, sherry or other "essences," which give the lie to the phrase, "the cup that cheers but not inebriates."

Women are said to be the greatest sinners in this respect. The love of novelty in entertainment or beverage is a weakness of the feminine heart, and so the whole shelf must be exhausted before we can hope to get back to the old-fashioned tea of a few years ago. Go to any fashionable afternoon entertainment and see how art is exhausted to make tea something which it is not and never ought to be.

But the reversion to the "primitive type" is one of nature's laws, and we may yet hope to get back to the honest, cherry tea, which Charles Lamb and lesser lights eulogized.

Tea is a homely drink, which has a warm spot in the affections of a considerable portion of mankind, and whatever the evolutions through which it may temporarily pass at the hands of would-be reformers, its undisputed sway as a soothing and pleasing beverage is likely to rest undisturbed.—Washington News.

An Interesting Relic.

One of the most interesting relics of old London is St. John's Gate, Clerkenwell. It is the only remaining portion of the important Priory of St. John, which dates from the fourteenth century. The old gateway has a literary interest attached to it, for in the room above the archway Dr. Johnson worked for Cave, the printer, for a small weekly stipend, and the Gentleman's Magazine, which to this day bears a picture of the archway on its cover, was first printed there. The archway had latterly become much defaced and weatherworn, but it has recently been restored, as a memorial to the Duke of Clarence, who was First Superior of the Order of St. John.

The Advance Agent's Story.

HE SEES A FINE EXAMPLE OF THE WILD AND WOOLY WEST DRAMA.

From the Buffalo Express.

"I've seen a good many funny snaps in the way of plays and play-actors in my time," said the advance agent, "but the one I struck out in Milwaukee the other day was by far the best of anything I have ever been up against. It was in one of the museums there. The museum has a stock company in its theatre, and its great specialty is border drama. Every week they give a new drama of the wild and wooly West.

"This play that I saw was a blood-curdler of that character, and at the time I arrived at the theatre the stage was pitch dark and two men were fighting a duel. I could hear the knives clash together and hear the men stumble around the stage, but I could but faintly distinguish the forms of the actors. After awhile there was a thump on the floor and the villain (I knew it was the villain by his accent) hissed: 'Ah ha! Rudolph Tegherington, I have you now and no one nigh to see me do the deed!'

"Then the drummer hit the base-drum a belt and the calcium man turned on the light and away up on top of a rocky pass a woman (the heroine) was seen standing. 'Coward!' she shouted, 'me and Heaven is here!'"

I was a sufferer from catarrh for fifteen years, with distressing pain over my eyes. I used Ely's Cream Balm with gratifying results. Am apparently cured—Z. C. Warner, Rutland, Vt.

I suffered from a severe cold in my head for months and could get no relief. Was advised to use Ely's Cream Balm. It has worked like magic in its cure. I am free from my cold after using the Balm one week, and I believe it is the best remedy known.—Samuel J. Harris, Wholesale Grocer, 119 Front St., New York.

Cream—not Skim Milk.

Every farmer and villager, their wives and boys and girls, will be interested in the big-little, cream-not-skim-milk paper, the FARM JOURNAL, of Philadelphia. Its 200,000 subscribers are scattered from Maine to Washington, and from Michigan to Texas. It's breezy, crisp, boiled-down pages contain as much information in the course of the year as many of the high-priced weeklies; while its earnest, manly tone and its bright and common sense way of treating farm matters leaves a good and lasting taste in one's mouth. The subscription price is 50 cents a year. We have made arrangements with the publisher by which he will send it one full year free, to all who promptly pay up for our paper. Sample copies will be sent free by addressing a postal request to FARM JOURNAL, Philadelphia, Pa. 10-6-2-m.

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PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Is a positive cure for all those painful

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It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25c., cure Biliousness, Constipation, and Torpid Liver. By mail, or of druggists.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.* You can address in strictest confidence,

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

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Sleighs!

Sleighs!

We have just received an invoice of new sleighs.

Stylish PORTLAND CUTTERS,
Comfortables SWELL BODIES,
Light and Heavy BOB SLEDS.

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Don't wait to buy a sleigh until the good sleighing comes, for the supply is limited.

D. W. KITCHEN,

BLOOMSBURG, - - - - - Penna.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH URE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

If the present is to be a book the Christmas *Book News* (Philadelphia) is full of present hints for you. A carefully classified list of the titles of over five hundred books published within the past six weeks is but one of the many helpful features of this useful magazine. The few words descriptive of each book leaves little question in your mind as to whether that book is just the one wanted or not. *Book News* is but five cents a single copy. Sample pictures from the illustrated holiday books fill more than a third of its hundred and thirty-six pages.

Catarrh in the Head

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood, and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Catarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

If you have dropped grease on the matting do not try ammonia or benzine or grease extractors; you will only make the spot worse. Sometimes brown paper and a hot iron will be effective, but the best eradicator is French chalk and benzine. Cover the grease with the chalk and moisten by sprinkling, not pouring, the benzine upon it. When the benzine has evaporated brush off the chalk and the spot will have vanished also.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cts. Sold by C. A. Klein, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

At the close of the honey season every colony should be inspected to see if it is supplied with a laying queen.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cleanses, purifies and heals. It was made for that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions and if you have piles use it for them.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works,

on West St. between 2nd and 3rd, are now prepared to do all kinds of

Mens' Suits, Ladies' Dresses and Coats,

Shawls, and every description of wearing apparel. Also, we do scouring, cleaning and pressing of goods that do not need dyeing, and make them clean and sweet as new.

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TRY THE CURE.

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HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N.Y.

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Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. **EFFECT THE GENUINE.**

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DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED BY Dr. NICHOLSON'S INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR DRUMS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all remedies fail. Illustrated book & proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

11-17-1 d

KEEPING COWS.

EXPERIMENT STATION NOTES.

Bulletin No. 24 of the Station, just issued, gives the results of an experiment by Professors Waters and Caldwell and Mr. Weld upon the question of the most profitable amount of food for a milch cow.

In these experiments, ten cows were fed a ration beginning with 8 lbs. of grain and 12 lbs. of hay and gradually increasing up to as high as 19 lbs. of grain and 27 lbs. of hay per day and head, and then gradually decreasing to the original amount. Throughout the experiment, accurate notes were taken of the amount and cost of the amount of milk produced by each animal and its butter value as determined by the Babcock test.

Perhaps the most striking lesson of the experiment is the demonstration it gives of the profit there is in liberal feeding. The cheapest ration used cost 18.8 cents per day and produced butter valued at 26.5 cts. making a net profit of 7.7 cts. per day per cow. An increase of 2.9 cts. per day per cow in the cost of this ration made the daily value of the butter 31 cts. and the net profit 9.3 cts. per day or a difference of 1.6 cts. per day per cow in favor of the more costly ration. In other words, the farmer who attempted to economize by feeding the cheaper ration would, with a herd of 25 cows, save $217.50 per year on his feed bills, but would lose $337.50 worth of butter that he might have produced with the more costly ration, so that his ill-judged attempt at economy would result in a net loss of $120.00.

The cheaper ration, moreover, is what would ordinarily be considered a good ration, and the majority of dairymen would be likely to feed less rather than more, yet the results of this bulletin show conclusively that with such cows as these, the more expensive ration was really the more economical.

A further increase of the cost of the ration, however, to 25.1 cents. per day gave no further increase in the butter product, and the net profit was thereby cut down to 5.9 cts. less than with the cheapest ration of the three. In other words, the experiments indicate that there is a certain medium ration for each cow which will give the greatest net profit and that any attempt to economize by feeding less than this will result in a loss, while, on the other hand, it is possible to feed a cow too much as well as too little. Generally, however, there is more danger of feeding too little than too much.

The experiment also brings out in a striking light the great individual differences in cows and the great importance of a careful study by the diaryman of each individual of his herd, both as regards the amount of milk and butter produced and the cost of feed consumed. The net profit yielded by each one of the ten cows in this experiment was the greatest on the medium ration, but it varied in amount from 2.2 cts. per day to 24 cts. per day, equivalent, for a milking period of 300 days, to $6.60 and $72.00 respectively.

The increased profit coming from the better feeding, too, varied greatly with different animals, some responding promptly and free y to the increase, while on others it produced but little effect.

The figures of the bulletin show likewise what great differences in profit there may be between cows producing very nearly the same total amount of milk and butter per year. For example, the records show that last year.

Marguerite produced, 6,512 lbs. of milk and 290 lbs. of butter.
Ramona produced, 5,459 lbs. of milk and 279 lbs. of butter.

By the customary standard of comparison, Marguerite would have been regarded as the superior animal, barring difference in breeding, etc., and would have commanded the higher price. On comparing the daily net profit returned by these animals, however, we find a remarkable difference not indicated or suggested by the butter and milk records.

Assuming that they remain fresh for 300 days and taking the average net profit per day of all periods, we have a yearly profit for

Marguerite of	$81 50
Ramona of	61 50

On this basis, at the end of six years, which, for this case, we assume to be the productive life of a cow, and disregarding the offspring, they would have made a total net return of

Marguerite	$489 00
Ramona	369 00

This means that Marguerite would have yielded ten per cent. compound interest on a purchase price of $106, while Ramona would have paid the same dividend on a purchase price of $208.

Again, in the case of Bianca producing 5,556 pounds of milk and 232 pounds of butter last year, we have the following exhibit:

Average daily net profit for all periods, 4.9cts.
Total net profit for one year, $14 70
Total net profit for six years, 88 20

The reader may regard these as extreme cases, and yet they were selected from the ten animals used in this experiment and there is no reason to doubt that as great differences might be found in any ordinary herd.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

16 World's Fair Photos for One Dime.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway has made an arrangement with a first-class publishing house to furnish a series of beautiful World's Fair pictures, of a large size, at the nominal cost to the purchaser of only ten cents for a portfolio of sixteen illustrations. Nothing so handsome in reference to the World's Fair has before been published. The series would be worth at least twelve dollars if the pictures were not published in such large quantities, and we are therefore able to furnish these works of art for only ten cents.

Remit your money to George H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill., and the pictures will be sent promptly to any specified address. They will make a handsome holiday gift. 12-8 3t.

Legal Advertisements.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of "The Farmers' National Bank of Bloomsburg, Pa., for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year, will be held in the directors room of the bank on Tuesday, January 9, 1894, between the hours of two and four P. M.

FRANK IKELER, Cashier.
12-8-4t.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the division of the school property of Catawissa Township. No. 25, May Sess., 1893.

The undersigned Commissioner and Examiner, appointed by Court to take testimony, adjust the claims and report to said Court the difference of indebtedness between Township and Borough, hereby gives notice to all parties that he will meet at the office of Wm. H. Rhawn Esq., at Catawissa, Pa., on Thursday, the 15th day of February, A. D., 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of his appointment, when and where all parties interested must appear and all those having claims must present the same or be forever thereafter debarred from the same according to the Act of Assembly, of June 13th, 1878.

WM. H. SNYDER, Com. & Ex.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
tf. Nov. 6, 1893.

NOTICE.

C. H. Campbell, Register and Recorder of Columbia County, gives notice that his term of office expires on Monday, the first day of January, 1894, that all papers in his possession at that time that have been duly recorded and not paid for will be left at an office of the Justice of the Peace for collection, and after parties have been duly notified and neglected to remit, they will be sued and an effort made to collect them. Interest from date of record will be charged on all papers not paid before January 1, 1894.

C. H. CAMPBELL,
Register and Recorder
of Columbia County.
tf.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a resolution of the Stockholders of the Silver Spring Quarry Company an application will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County on Saturday the 16th day of December A. D., 1893 at 10 o'clock A. M., praying for the dissolution of said Corporation.

AARON BOONE, President,
C. M. CREVELING,
Secretary and Treasurer.
C. W. MILLER
Atty. 11-24-tf.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Monday, December 18, A. D., 1893, by George R. Stevens, David S. Cann, James P. Casey, George E. Saul, Charles W. Hoffman, Pierre Rouillot, Wm. J. Greenhough, Wm. Hill and others, under Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29th, A. D., 1874 and the several supplements thereto for the Charter of an intended corporation to be called the Penn Elevator Engineering Company, the character and object of which is for the manufacture of elevators and special machinery and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

C. W. MILLER,
11-24-tf. Solicitor

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F. D. Dentler, Bloomsburg, Wm. Bogert, Espy,
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Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labeled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

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You This is the commercial age and every Young Man and Woman should educate in harmony with the times. Clark's Business College, ERIE, PA., furnishes the best advantages at the lowest cost. A school of national reputation. Graduates assisted to paying business positions. Write for catalogue. Mention this paper.
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PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

AFTER NOV. 19, 1893.

Trains leave Bloomsburg as follows: Sundays excepted.)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., 11.55 a. m.

For Williamsport, 7.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m Sunday, 7.58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, 7.15 a. m., 3.32. Sunday, 7.58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Catawissa 7.45, 11.15 a. m., 12 15, 3.15, 5.00, 6.30, p. m. Sunday, 10.30 a. m. 7.16 p. m.

For Rupert 7.45, 11.15 a. m., 12.15 3.15 5.00, 6.30, p. m. Sunday 7.59, 10.20 a. m., 4.28 7.02 p. m.

Trains for Bloomsburg

Leave New York via of Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 8.45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 12.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.50 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport 9.35 a. m., 4.25 p. m. Sunday, 8.00 a. m., 4.25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.20, 3.18, 6.10 Sunday, 7.45 a. m., 4.15 p m.

Leave Rupert 7.08, 8.27, 11.24 a. m., 1.37, 3.37, 6.30, Sundays, 7.53, 10.13 a. m. 4.23 p. m., 6.55.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Girard Avenue Station, Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 3.50, 8.01, 11.25 a. m., 3.56, 5.42 7.16 p. m. Sundays 3.50, 8.02 11.26 a. m., 3.56, 5.42, 7.16 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wharf and South Street Wharf.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Weekdays—Express, 9.00 a. m., 4.00, 5.00 p. m Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.15 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 9.00 a. m., Accomodation, 8.00 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.

Returning leave Atlantic City Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues. Weekdays. Express, 7.30, 8.50 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m, and 4.30 p. m.

Sundays.—Express, 4.00, 5.15 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, C. G. HANCOCK,
Pres. & Gen'l Superintendent. Gen'l Pass. Agt

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, NOV. 27, 1893.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	NORTH. Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 28	12 05	7 15	8 35	2 35	6 40
Main Street	6 18	11 57	7 07	8 42	2 42	6 47
Irondale	6 16	11 55	7 04	8 45	2 45	6 50
Paper Mill	6 08	11 47	6 56	8 52	2 53	6 58
Lightstreet	6 05	11 45	6 53	8 55	2 58	7 02
Orangeville	5 57	11 35	6 43	9 01	3 15	7 10
Forks	5 45	11 25	6 32	9 14	3 27	7 20
Zaner's	5 42	11 17	6 30	9 18	3 30	7 24
Stillwater	5 37	11 12	6 25	9 25	3 40	7 29
Benton	5 28	11 00	6 16	9 36	4 10	7 39
Edisons	5 23	10 47	6 11	9 40	4 15	7 44
Coles Creek	5 20	10 45	6 09	9 43	4 20	7 48
Sugarloaf	5 15	10 41	6 03	9 46	4 23	7 52
Laubachs	5 12	10 38	6 00	9 50	4 26	7 57
Central	5 03	10 30	5 52	10 00	4 42	8 07
Jamison City	5 00	10 20	5 50	10 05	4 50	8 10
	Lv.	Lv.	Lv.	Ar	Ar.	

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	6 20	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5 53
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5 58
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 39	6 02
Rupert	7 13	2 31	10 44	6 44
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 38	10 49	6 29
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6 35
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 42
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 46
Briarcreek	7 41	....	.....	6 50
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6 56
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 22
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7 32
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 39
Ayondale	8 30	3 51	...	7 43
Plymouth	8 35	3 56	11 56	7 48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 52
Kingston	8 45	4 05	12 03	7 57
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 02
Valby	8 52	4 12	.....	8 07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 13	8 12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 17
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 22	8 25
Duryea	9 12	4 34	.....	8 29
Lackawanna	9 15	4 37	....	8 32
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	....	8 47
Scranton	9 35	4 55	12 45	8 52
STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	M
	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 43	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 07	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 34
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 43
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 54	10 35	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 03
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 38	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 35	7 53
Briar Creek	8 09	....	3 40	...
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 50	8 08
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 42	12 23	4 18	8 28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 38	8 43
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 46	....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
Northumberland	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, W Iamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man.,
Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect Nov. 19, 1893 Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9:48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:55 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.; New York, 10:08 p. m.; Baltimore 7:20 p. m.; Washington 8:27 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.25 p. m. Train 12 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m. New York 3:53 a. m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:17 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m.; New York 7:33 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.-Train 4 (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 a m., New York 9:31 a. m., weekdays; 10:35 a. m., Sunday. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:40 a. m., Pullman Sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:36 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:55 a. m. and Washington 10:16 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

1:35 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars to Buffalo and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:13 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and Intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:44 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.-Train 13 daily for Williamsport and Intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:15 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:55 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 12:05 p. m., Washington 11:05 a. m., Baltimore 12:00 noon, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:39 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2.10 p. m., weekdays 1:05 a. m. Sunday. Philadelphia 4:40 p. m. weekdays; 4.30 p. m. Sunday. Washington 6:15 p. m., Baltimore 4:23 p. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 9:05 p. m. Through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:00 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:10 p. m., Baltimore 8:15 p. m., (Daily except Saturday,) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 a. m. with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:40 p. m., Baltimore 11:50 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:08 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12.10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:47 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:33 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 8:00 p. m. Hazleton 7:50 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m.

Through Coach Williamsport to Wilkes-Barre.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:50 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9:35 a. m.

Through Coach Wilkes-Barre to Williamsport.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p. m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m.

Train 28 leaves Wilkes-Barre 4:40 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:05 p. m., Sunbury 7:00 p. m.

S. M. PRETOST, Gen'l. Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Columbian building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ents' Building,
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H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST.
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FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
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J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
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DR. J. C. RUTTER,
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Office, North Market Street,
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DR. M. J. HESS,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

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Office, West First Street,
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THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection.

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SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
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HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 508 W. 3d St. Until 9 A. M., Bloomsburg, Pa. 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
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All styles of work done in a superior manner and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

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FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman.)
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,559	$1,000,000
Penn'a. Phila.	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,000
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,000
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	430,000
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,304,000

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

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Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well secured by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

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Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

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Teas, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Rice, Spices, Bicarb Soda, Etc.,
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Orders will receive prompt attention.

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WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED,
Estimates given on Application.
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—DEALER IN—
All Kinds of Meat.
Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.
CENTRE STREET,
C. H. REICE'S OLD STAND.
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THE WORLD'S FAIR
Photographed and described. Wide awake agent wanted for our new World's Fair book by Directors General Davis, Mrs. Potter Palmer and other officials. Over 500 pictures, nearly all photographs. 668 pages. Low price. Big commission. Freight paid. 30 days' credit. Selling fast. Men or ladies make $10 a day. Send for circular; or send 50 cents to-day for large outfit containing over 100 photographs.
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FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RUPTURE POSITIVELY CURED FOR INformation address D. E. WHITENIGHT, Tamaqua, Schuylkill Co., Pa. 5-5-1y.

ROOMS FOR YOUNG MEN.—M. M. PHILLIPS has very desirable furnished rooms for six young men. Bath room adjoining, for use of occupants of the rooms. Call and examine. 5-19-tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

WE WANT A CORRESPONDENT IN THIS place. A bright intelligent, energetic young man can make from $5 to $100 per month. Address GOLDEN ERA, 72 West 50th street, New York City.

BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. See samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

$5, $10 AND $20, GENUINE CONFEDERATE Bills only five cents each; $50 and $100 bills 10 cents each; 25c and 50c shinplasters 10 cents each; $1 and $2 bills 25 cents each. Sent securely sealed on receipt of price. Address, CHAS. D. BARKER, 90 S. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga. 11-17-4t.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County, Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents

JERSEYTOWN.

Elmer McBride who had charge of Smith's Hotel for the past year has left for Bloomsburg where he expects to travel on the roads again.

There are quite a number of cases of the Grippe at present. Dr. Shuman is kept busy.

D. R. Johnston who has been an invalid for the past fifteen years with asthma expired on Tuesday, aged about fifty years.

Charles Johnston, wife and daughters from Nebraska who have been visiting friends for the past two months expects to leave for their home next week.

David Mordan while riding down hill, fell and broke his arm on Sunday last.

Our Post Master J. R. Converse is still confined to his bed. Mrs. Converse is also kept to the house. Mr. Converse has employed Della Wagner as clerk.

Lewis Kreamer and Frank Smith were seen wending their way toward Washingtonville on Tuesday evening. Some say attraction; it looks so as they make about two trips a week. Boys explain.

John J. Kreamer and family visited friends near Buckhorn on Tuesday.

E. F. Welliver our assessor is making his rounds. He says there is quite a good many little folks since January 1893.

WALLER.

Mr. Joseph Carpenter will move to Elk Grove on Thursday where he will take charge of the new hotel recently erected at that place.

Preparations are being made for holding a Christmas entertainment here but it is not expected to take place until the Saturday evening previous to New Years the 30th inst.

AS A CLEANSER

of the blood, nothing sweeps as clean as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It purifies the blood as well as enriches it. The truth is, an emulsion of Cod liver oil is good for building up *fat*—no doubt about it. But—ugh! a weak stomach loathes it. Fortunately, there's a tissue-builder, that's even better for making *healthy flesh*. Pleasant in taste—effective in result. That's the "Discovery." It goes to work in the right way, by regulating, cleansing, and repairing all the organs of the body.

When the germs of disease are round about us we do not all get them. Why? Some of us are in too good a condition. The germs of Consumption, Grippe, Malaria, and all the infectious diseases, pass you by if you are strong to resist their attack. Render yourself *germ-proof* by putting your blood and liver in a healthy state.

In all blood-taints and diseases, if the "Discovery" fails to benefit or cure, your money is returned.

No other medicine of its kind can be sold so.

Bishop Haman of the minority faction of the Evangelical church is expected to preach here next Monday evening.

The young folks are taking advantage of the snow and the inclined planes made by the hills, to their hearts content in coasting. This is a healthy and pleasant exercise and these hills certainly ought to be made to serve some good purposes. A little care should be taken on these dark evenings when riding so rapidly that no one is in the merry lightning expresser.

Mr. John Emery Eves, of Millville, is teaching singing school at this place, and he also has quite a large class at Divide. He is an experienced teacher and is to be hoped that a choir may be formed here to take charge of the music on all occasions.

Mr. Gideon Shultz, the teacher at this place being to Bloom last week the school was closed except on Monday.

There has been right good sleighing here for the past week, so that a great deal of hauling has been done to and from Benton on the sleds.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Regular December meeting of Council met Thursday night December 7th. with President Drinker and members Gorry, Swentzel, Holmes and Peacock present.

W. H. Gilmore appeared in behalf of the Fire Department and asked for additional hose.

Building permits granted to Fanny A. Anstadt on north side of West Second street for a three story frame dwelling and store room, and Daniel Hall for a house on South Eight street, and one to the Elevator works on Ninth street.

Release from Mrs. Rupert for portion of West Third street, Barton St., James alley and West Second street, and from C. C. Peacocks on West Second street presented and accepted, and streets be declared open and ordinance be drawn.

Petition for grade on West Third street, presented and granted.

Ordered that grade as submitted for East Third street be accepted. Width of pavement fixed at six feet with space of 1½ feet each side.

Benneville Rhoads asks what is to be done about filling up back of his barn on the McKelvy farm. Referred to President and Street Commissioner.

A. Z. Schoch appeared and asked that steps be taken by Council to request business places to close at time of funeral of Rev. D. J. Waller. The following resolutions were thereupon passed:

RESOLUTIONS OF COUNCIL ON THE DEATH OF REV. D. J. WALLER.

WHEREAS, We recognize the fact that the Town of Bloomsburg has sustained an irreparable loss in the death of its chief citizen—the Rev. D. J. Waller—whose untiring energy, enterprise and liberality has contributed so largely to the industrial, educational, religious and social growth and development of the town, be it

Resolved, That the Town Council now assembled expresses its feelings of great sympathy and regret, and requests the citizens to close their places of business between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock on Monday next during funeral services to do honor to the memory of the man who has done so much for Bloomsburg.

TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG.

The tax collector asked for exonerattons amounting to about $275 which were allowed.

Following bills presented and ordered paid.

For seven viewers on East 3rd street	$ 28.00
For J. M. Clark Esq. swearing same	1.75
Secretary for November	20.00
State Normal School for plowing Penn street	1.80
Steam and Electric Light Co. November, Town Hall	19.43
Water Co., hydrants	86.67
P. G. Miller, stone	18.36
Gas Co. Nov. to Dec. 1st	12.35
Demaree and Kitchen lumber	16.42
C. P. Armstrong, stone,	12.77
Frank Richart, smithing	4.90
Kesty & Hoffman, repairs	13.96
J. A. Hutchins Co. sewer pipe	172.64
Thos. Jones, John E. Welliver, Peter Kehoe and F. R. Drake for police services.	25.00
Electric Light Co. for lights to October 7th	1087.50
M. Woodward, constable	4 17
G. E. Elwell, book, sewer permits and notices	12.00

People who have tried it, say there is no better medicine for dyspepsia than Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It may not give one the stomach of an ostrich, but it so strengthens the alimentary organs that digestion of ordinary food becomes easy and natural.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor

S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla. He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from **constipation, kidney trouble,** and **indigestion,** so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such **excellent results** that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, **as regular as clock-work.** At the time I began taking **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can brag of 159 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for **a traveling advertisement.** I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

A DOCTOR SUED.

Shamokin has an ordinance requiring physicians to report all cases of contagious diseases to the board of health. The ordinance has been disregarded, and recently Dr. D. S. Hallonback, county treasurer elect, has been sued for failing to report a case of scarlet fever. This may seem hard upon the physician, but it is oftentimes necessary to take extreme measures to have an ordinance enforced. An epidemic can only be averted by early precaution. Bloomsburg has a similar ordinance imposing a fine of twenty-five dollars for the failure of a physician to report any case of contagion. Some of our physicians are prompt in making their report to the board of health; others are a little negligent, and if the ordinance were enforced in Bloomsburg they might be obliged to pay the fine imposed.

The last day for filing applications for liquor license is December 23.

Have Your Deeds Recorded.

There has always been ignorant carelessness in having deeds recorded as evidence that a property has changed hands, by which negligence much imposition has been practiced by former owners, who secured credit on the faith that they still had an interest in such real estate. This practice was often as much the result of mean parsimony, on the part of purchasers of property, who sought thereby to evade the immediate payment of the fees for recording these deeds, hoping in the meantime to sell the property and thus escape that expense altogether.

Under an act of the legislature of 1893, deeds after being signed and witnessed not recorded in ninety days thereafter are considered fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser or mortgages. The terms of this law not being generally understood are, as is usually the case with acts of the legislature of this class, the cause of much trouble. The chances are that much harassing litigation may grow out of it until the people are correctly informed ot its requirements. The true course now should be to have a deed recorded as soon as it is signed and witnessed.

Cambridge teacher's Bibles at Hess Bros.

A lot of new notes of the sharpest kind have just been printed and are for sale at this office. Also common receipts, estate receipts, and collectors' receipts, neatly bound in books of 25, 50 and 100. tf.

- FOR -

DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION AND STOMACH TROUBLES

TAKE

MEREDITH'S DIAMOND CLUB PURE RYE

Without equal as a stimulant and tonic. Chemically Pure and Indorsed by Physicians. Sold by all Druggists.

MEREDITH'S PURE MALT FOR ALL PULMONARY AND BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.

G.W. MEREDITH & CO., Sole Proprietors, PITTSBURGH, PA., and EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

Sept. 8, 1 yr.

CARRYING LOADED PISTOLS.

Judge Sadler of Cumberland county thus addressed the constables in reference to carrying concealed weapons:

"You constables can do nothing better than arresting men and young men who carry loaded pistols in their pockets ready to whip out on the slightest provocation and perhaps shoot perfectly innocent people. A man has no constitutional or moral right to carry concealed deadly weapons on all occasions; and I say to you, whether or not I be criticised, that if you do your duty in arresting boys and men carrying revolvers we will see that no costs are imposed upon you."

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure,' for Rheumatism and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

A New Small Pox Remedy.

A very high authority speaking of small pox cases says: "I am willing to stake my reputation as a public man if the worst cases of small pox cannot be cured in three days simply by cream of tartar. This is the sure cure and never failing remedy: One ounce of cream of tartar dissolved in a pint of boiling water, to be drank when cold, at intervals. It can be taken at any time and is a preventative as well as a curative. It is known to have cured 100,000 cases without a failure. I have myself restored hundreds by this means. It never leaves a mark, never causes blindness and prevents tedious lingering."

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

LECTURE POSTPONED.

The lecture by Hon. John J. Pinkerton in the Students' Lecture Course, announced for this Friday evening, has been postponed on account of the illness of Mr. Pinkerton.

DR. KILMER'S

SWAMP-ROOT

HMcCMOY. Van Wert, Ohio.

CURED ME.

Suffering from Nervous Prostration. Tortured by Kidney and Liver Complaint.

Mr. McCoy is a wealthy and influential citizen of Van Wert, and a man known for miles around. See what he says:—

"For years I had been a terrible sufferer from kidney and liver trouble, also **nervous prostration and poor health** in general. My appetite was poor, in fact, I had no desire to eat anything and consequently **was thin, emaciated** and all run down.

Life was a Burden

I tried **physicians** and every available remedy but **found no relief.** As a last resort I was induced to give your kidney remedy a trial and am pleased to say

Swamp-Root acted like magic,

and to-day I am entirely cured and as good a man as ever. It is without question the greatest Remedy in the world. Any one in doubt as regards this statement can address."

M. H. McCOY, Van Wert, O.

SWAMP-ROOT

At Druggists, 50c. and $1.00 Size "Invalids' Guide to Health" and Consultation Free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's PARILLA LIVER PILLS Are the Best. 42 Pills, 25 cents. — All Druggists.

OUR GREETING

—IS—

Christmas Bargains.

They are many. They are desirable. They are reliable. Our choice selections for the Xmas trade are now ready for the inspection and approval of all who know a good thing when they see it.

Come and be pleasantly surprised. Surprised at the

Assortment, Quality, Variety and Low Prices.

Gifts for little and big, old and young. Don't fail to see our special attractions in

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry of all kinds, Diamonds, Spectacles, Gold Pens, novelties in Sterling Silver, Plush and Leather Goods, teachers and family

—BIBLES.—

Albums, sterling silver mounted and all kinds of Pocket Books and Card Cases, Fine Box Paper &c.

Don't fail to take advantage of our wonderfully low prices. To have a money saving, satisfactory and Merry Christmas, make your Holiday purchases of

HESS BROS,

JEWELERS AND STATIONERS.

Sign of big watch, Main St.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Xmas at J. G. Wells' FOR CASH.

Silver Thimble given away with every purhase of $5 or more at Wells' Jewelry Store, next door to P. O. from now until Xmas.

Triple plated Silver Tea Sets at $10.00, consisting of Coffee Pot, Sugar Bowl, Cream Pitcher and Spoon Holder, gold lined at J. G. Wells' for the cash.

Boss & Fahys Gold filled case guar. for 15 yrs. Elgin, Waltham movements, 12 to 15 dollars.

Boss & Fahys Gold filled cases guar. for 20 yrs. Elgin, Waltham movements, 15 to 20 dollars.

Ladies' Solid Gold 10 karat case, Elgin, Waltham movements, 18 to 25 dol.

Ladies' Solid Gold 14 karat case, Elgin, Waltham movements, 20 to 35 dol.

Gents' Solid Gold 10 karat case, Elgin, Waltham movements, 25 to 38 dol.

Gents' Solid Gold 14 karat case, Elgin, Waltham movements 35 to 100 dol.

I give a written guarantee with each Watch.

Don't forget, 20 per cent off from now until Xmas on Solid Silver 925 fine. Gorham & Whiting makes also in the Silver Plated Ware.

Sterling Silver Match Boxes $2.50
" " Spoons 4 to 8 dollars a set.
" " Oyster Forks 10 dollars up.
" " Bon Bon Scoops.
" " Shoe Horns, Brushes, Combs.

Ladies' Dress Buckles, Shoe Buttoners, etc

Quadruple Plated Pairpoint Manufacturing Company make Cake Baskets 3 dollars cash.

NEVERSLIP HORSE SHOE

Removable and Self-Sharpening Calks.

We are sole agents for Bradford, Columbia, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Montour, Pike, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming counties, State of Pennsylvania. Catalogue on application.

Bittenbender & Company,

SCRANTON, PA.

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Wagonmakers' and Blacksmiths' Supplies, Iron and Steel.

12-8 4t

Don't Get Yourself in a Box

BY BUYING **SHOES** OF AN UNCERTAIN QUALITY.

It's a risk you can't afford to run—can't afford any way when we can supply you with an article that is beyond question. We handle the best makes of Shoes for Children. BOYS need no longer wear girls' shoes as we have a line made especially for the small Boys. Ladies who wear Spring Heeled Shoes will find a good assortment at the store of W. C. McKINNEY.

W. C. McKINNEY BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. J. Clark's Building, Main street.

Going to **Florida** This Winter?

MAKE it a pleasure trip by travelling on the Elegant Passenger Steamships of the Ocean Steamship Company,

The Savannah Line

From New York or From Boston.

Greater Comfort at 35 to 50% less expense than by rail.

Ask your nearest Ticket Agent or write to

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G. M. SORRELL, Manager.

11-30-4t. d